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This report, for which the directors (the "Directors") of OOH Holdings Limited (the "Company") collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange (the "GEM Listing Rules") for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this report misleading.

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Ms. CHAU Wai Chu Irene (Chairlady and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. LEAN Chun Wai

Non-Executive Director

Mr. DA SILVA Antonio Marcus

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Ms. AU Shui Ming Anna Mr. LIANG Man Kit Jerry Mr. LAM Yau Fung Curt

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Ms. AU Shui Ming Anna (Chairlady)

Mr. LIANG Man Kit Jerry Mr. LAM Yau Fung Curt

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Ms. AU Shui Ming Anna (Chairlady)

Mr. LIANG Man Kit Jerry Ms. CHAU Wai Chu Irene

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. LAM Yau Fung Curt (Chairman)

Ms. AU Shui Ming Anna Mr. LEAN Chun Wai

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

Mr. LIANG Man Kit Jerry (Chairman)

Mr. LAM Yau Fung Curt Mr. DA SILVA Antonio Marcus

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. FUNG Suk Han

COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Ms. CHAU Wai Chu Irene

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. CHAU Wai Chu Irene Ms. FUNG Suk Han

AUDITOR

BDO Limited *Certified Public Accountants* 25/F, Wing On Centre 111 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

CORPORATE INFORMATION

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Suite A5, 9/F, Jumbo Industrial Building 189 Wai Yip Street Kwun Tong, Kowloon Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Nanyang Commercial Bank Ltd.

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KYI-1111, Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 54 Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.ooh.com.hk

PLACE OF LISTING

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

STOCK CODE

8091

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Dear Shareholders.

On behalf of the board of Directors (the "**Board**"), I am pleased to present our annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of OOH Holdings Limited (the "**Company**") together with its subsidiaries (the "**Group**") for the year ended 31 March 2021.

The Group remains as a leading out-of-home advertising company with focuses in minibus advertising in the past years and continue to provide advertising solutions and other related services to our customers in Hong Kong. In addition to our existing advertising businesses, the Group strives to develop new businesses auxiliary to our main business stream. For instance, the Group's in-house printing facilities are now in full operation and have been providing services to cater our advertisers' orders and in-house printing needs. The new business of pre-owned private vehicle trading is a new challenge to the Group although we have learnt from our partners in minibus and taxi advertising, who are experience people and also keen in the vehicle trading field.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group managed to maintain steady revenue notwithstanding the difficult period of pandemic though we still recorded a slight decrease of revenue in our Transportation Business. Food and Beverage Business was undoubtedly an uphill battle for the Group during the year under review due to the social distancing measures and the continuous waves of outbreak of COVID-19. However, one coin has two sides, instead of waiting for the recovery of economy, we grasped the opportunities of improving our working environment during the work from home policy by minimizing the interruption of work and the discounted labour cost charged by the renovation company when the economy was at the uncertain stage. The Group has expanded and renovated our office in Kwun Tong by renting 2 more units adjacent to our existing office space so that we could utilize our office facilities in an efficient manner. The new office space has incorporated our in-house printing facilities, warehouse, operation & administration department and sales department into one single floor area so our colleagues can communicate efficiently by virtue of the new open office design. Needless to say, the welfare of our staff is our first and paramount concern so I hope our new office design will encourage colleagues to stay and enjoy their new "home".

The COVID-19 pandemic has been affecting economies across the world for over a year now. The fact that we have gone through four waves of the pandemic in Hong Kong, the emergence of different mutated strains as well as the rapid resurgence of COVID-19 cases in many Asian jurisdictions recently all point to the importance of continued vigilance and the need to establish adequate protection against this unprecedented pandemic. Vaccination is therefore crucial to better protecting ourselves, our family and the people around us, and at the macro level to paving the way for resuming our normal way of life and sustainable economic recovery. As a responsible corporation, we encourage our employees to get vaccinated so the community can sooner achieve herd immunity that is essential for the recovery of economy.

Last but not least, on behalf of the Board, I would like to express my sincere gratitude to my team for doing an excellent job during this difficult time, the Group would not have gone through this pandemic without all of their contribution. As for all our shareholders, investors, customers, suppliers, and business partners, I want to tender my heartfelt thanks for your kind support and believe in us.

For and on behalf of the Board,

CHAU Wai Chu Irene

Chairlady

Hong Kong, 21 June 2021

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group continued its principal business in the provision of out-of-home advertising spaces and services to its customers, which comprise end users aiming to promote their brands, products or services, and advertising agents acting for such advertisers. We also offer our customers design and production, advertisement logistics, installation and dismantling services on the different advertising platforms.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group's principal business Transportation Business has recorded a slight growth in inventory of exclusive minibus advertising spaces in our fixed route minibus network from 1,372 units as at 31 March 2020 to 1,406 units as at 31 March 2021. The minibus advertising business recorded an increase in gross profit margin from approximately 30.0% for the year ended 31 March 2020 to approximately 33.3% for that of 2021. Such increase was contributed by (i) the concessions on license fee given by the minibus operators in view of the business environment as a result of the outbreak of COVID-19; and (ii) the increase in production utilization of our in-house printing facilities for production of advertising stickers.

The Group's retail outlet of Mizimamei branded food and beverage products maintained steady revenue during the year under review. However, despite our efforts to strive for a profit in Food and Beverage Business, the Group continued to record a loss for the segment as the food and beverage industry is seriously impacted by the outbreak of COVID-19. The tenancy of the current retail outlet located in Central was expired in May 2021 and the Group has then franchised the Mizimamei brand to an independent third party. In the mid of May 2021, the franchisee has taken over the current retail outlet located in Central and the Group will receive a franchising fee based on the revenue split from the franchisee. The Group has also secured the extension of the main contract with the Mizimamei in Taiwan from the original 6 years contract to a 9 years contract. In light of the extension, the Group reserves its position to develop new retail outlets at different locations when the outbreak of COVID-19 is under control or the economic condition is improved.

In late 2020, the Group has commenced the business of pre-owned private vehicle trading which aims on car trading market, especially for vintage and classic cars. As of the date herein, the Group has acquired inventory for vehicle trading and retrofitting car parts in an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$3.1 million. The Group will expand its exposure in this business area to broaden its source of revenue.

During the year under review, the Group subscribed two corporate bonds for investment purpose. The Board considers that such subscriptions can broaden the source of income of the Group and provide the Group with a stable investment return and cash inflows. In February 2021, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, Media Savvy Marketing Limited ("MSML"), subscribed for the corporate bond issued by China Evergrande with interest rate of 8.25% per annum due on 23 March 2022 from the open market through the Group's security broker in the principal amount of US\$400,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$3,120,000) at a consideration of approximately US\$399,917 (equivalent to approximately HK\$3,119,353). Please refer to the Company's announcement dated 3 February 2021 for details. During the year under review, the Group received an interest income of approximately HK\$35,609 from the above corporate bond. As at 31 March 2021, such bond was recorded as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of approximate HK\$3.1 million, accounting for approximately 3.10% of the total assets of Group. In March 2021, MSML also subscribed for the corporate bond issued by Easy Tactic Ltd., an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Guangzhou R&F Properties Co., Ltd., with interest rate of 8.125% per annum due on 27 February 2023 from the open market through the Group's security broker in the principal amount of US\$550,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$4,290,000) at a consideration of approximately US\$534,369 (equivalent to approximately HK\$4,168,078). During the year under review, no interest income has been received from such corporate bond. As at 31 March 2021, such bond was recorded as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of approximate HK\$4.1 million, accounting for approximately 4.27% of the total assets of Group.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

Total revenue of the Group decreased by 16.9% from approximately HK\$56.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 to approximately HK\$47.2 million for that of 2021. Such decrease was mainly due to (i) the absence of revenue from Digital Event Management Business, which business was terminated on 31 May 2019; (ii) the absence of revenue from Digital Media Business; (iii) the decrease of revenue generated from Logistic Advertising Business; and (iv) the decrease of revenue generated from private hospital and clinics media.

Revenue generated from minibus advertising decreased by 7.6% from approximately HK\$47.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 to approximately HK\$43.8 million for that of 2021. Such decrease was mainly due to the decrease of the revenue generated from direct clients. Revenue generated from private hospital and clinics media decreased from approximately HK\$0.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 to approximately HK\$0.5 million for that of 2021 mainly due to the decrease of the revenue generated by agency clients.

Revenue generated from Logistic Advertising Business decreased from approximately HK\$0.3 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 to approximately HK\$0.1 million for that of 2021. Such decrease was mainly due to the operator of Logistic Advertising Business has played a cautious approach on advertising censorship which caused delay in approving the advertising layout and discouraged advertisers' interests in the platform. Revenue generated from the provision of other types of advertising services (for example advertising spaces in other out-of-home media formats) decreased from approximately HK\$0.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 to approximately HK\$0.3 million for that of 2021. Such decrease was mainly due to (i) the restrictions on censorship in relation to election campaigns imposed by the railway advertising platform; and (ii) the decrease of revenue generated by both direct and agency clients.

Revenue generated from taxi advertising increased from approximately HK\$0.9 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 to approximately HK\$1.3 million for that of 2021. Such increase was due to the election advertising campaign that originally scheduled in 2020.

Revenue generated from Food and Beverage Business increased from approximately HK\$0.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 to approximately HK\$1.1 million for that of 2021. Such increase was mainly due to the fact that Food and Beverage Business only commenced in August 2019.

We did not generate revenue from Digital Media Business for the year ended 31 March 2021 due to the resignation of the sales directors responsible for that segment and the Group has been looking for the replacement of their positions.

Cost of Sales and Gross Profit Margin

Cost of sales decreased by 21.9% from approximately HK\$41.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 to approximately HK\$32.1 million for that of 2021. The decrease was mainly due to (i) the decrease in revenue; (ii) the decrease of license fee in the minibus advertising due to the license fee concession following the outbreak of COVID-19; and (iii) the decrease of the license fee paid to a minibus operator running minibus routes in Hung Hom due to their cessation of business.

Gross profit margin increased by 4.4 percentage points from approximately 27.6% for the year ended 31 March 2020 to approximately 32.0% for that of 2021, which was mainly due to (i) the increase in gross profit margin of minibus advertising from approximately 30.0% for the year ended 31 March 2020 to approximately 33.3% for that of 2021 mainly due to the license fee concession following the outbreak of COVID-19; (ii) the increase in gross profit margin of Logistic Advertising Business mainly due to the increase of direct clients; and (iii) the decrease in loss margin of Food and Beverage Business mainly due to the maturity of business operation and administration.

Selling Expenses

Selling expenses decreased from approximately HK\$8.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 to approximately HK\$5.7 million for that of 2021 due to (i) the decrease of overseas travelling expenses and marketing expenses as overseas travelling was avoided and business activities has been put on halt in view of the outbreak of COVID-19; (ii) the decrease of commission paid to our sales team as a result of the decrease in revenue; and (iii) the decrease of commission paid to our sales team of Digital Media Business due to the change of sales strategy and the resignation of our sales directors specialized in Digital Media Business.

Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses remained relatively stable at approximately HK\$14.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 and approximately HK\$14.6 million for that of 2021. The slight decrease was mainly attributable by (i) the decrease of director's remuneration due to the resignation of one of our executive directors and the replacement is yet to be found; (ii) the decrease of staff welfare as the Group adopted work from home policy in view of the outbreak of pandemic; and (iii) the decrease of legal and professional charge since the Group has appointed a new financial printer with a lower fee.

Other Operating Expenses

The Group recorded other operating expenses of HK\$900,000 for the year ended 31 March 2021, which was attributable to the impairment loss of Food and Beverage Business.

Finance Costs

Finance costs decreased from approximately HK\$1.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 to approximately HK\$1.2 million for that of 2021.

Loss Attributable to Owners of the Company

We recorded loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$4.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2021 as compared to approximately HK\$5.7 million for that of 2020.

Capital Structure

Details of the Company's share capital are set out in note 28 to the consolidated financial statements in this annual report.

Liquidity and Financial Resources

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group mainly financed its operations with its own working capital and the net proceeds from listing. As at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020, the Group had net current assets of approximately HK\$30.9 million and approximately HK\$32.1 million respectively, including cash and bank balances of approximately HK\$38.9 million and approximately HK\$54.9 million respectively. The Group did not have any pledged bank deposits as at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020.

As at 31 Mach 2021, the gearing ratio was 0% (2020: 0%), calculated on the Group's bank borrowings over the Group's total equity. As at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020, the Group had no bank borrowings.

Significant Investments Held

The Group did not have any significant investments held as at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020.

Material Acquisitions or Disposals of Subsidiaries and Affiliated Companies

The Group did not have any material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries and affiliated companies for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020.

Future Plans for Material Investments and Capital Assets

Save as those disclosed in the prospectus of the Company dated 23 December 2016 (the "**Prospectus**"), the Group currently has no other plan for material investments and capital assets.

Contingent Liabilities

The Group did not have any material contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020.

Commitments

As at 31 March 2021, the Group did not have any capital commitments (2020: Nil).

Charge on Group's Asset

As at 31 March 2021, the Group did not pledge any of its assets as security for any facilities granted to the Group (2020: Nil).

Foreign Exchange Exposure

The Group mainly operated in Hong Kong with most of the transactions settled in HK\$ and did not have significant exposure to risk resulting from changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Use of Net Proceeds from Listing

The net proceeds from the issue of a total of 180,000,000 new ordinary shares of the Company at the placing price of HK\$0.27 per share under the placing as set out in the Prospectus, after deducting underwriting commission and other expenses relating to the Company's listing, amounted to approximately HK\$29.9 million. The net proceeds were intended to be applied in the same proportion and in the same manner as shown in the Prospectus. Accordingly, approximately 69.7% (HK\$20.9 million), 18.2% (HK\$5.4 million), 9.8% (HK\$2.9 million) and 2.3% (HK\$0.7 million) will be applied for (i) expanding our coverage in the minibus advertising network; (ii) expanding our coverage in other transportation advertising platform; (iii) expanding our coverage in the healthcare-related advertising platform; and (iv) enhancing our information management system respectively. An analysis of the utilization of the net proceeds during the period from 5 January 2017 (the "Listing Date") to 31 March 2021 is set out below:

		Amount of usage of the Listing Date to	31 March 2021	proceeds as at	Expected timeline for full utilization of the unutilized
		Estimated* HK\$ million	Actual HK\$ million	31 March 2021 HK\$ million	net proceeds
(i)	Expand our coverage in the minibus media	20.9	14.4	6.5	On or before 31 March 2022
(ii)	Expand our coverage in other transportation	5.4	2.7	2.7	On or before 31 March 2022
(iii)	Expand our coverage in the healthcare-related advertising	2.9	0	2.9	On or before 31 March 2022
(iv)	Enhance our information management system	0.7	0.1	0.6	On or before 31 March 2022
Total		29.9	17.2	12.7	

Note: Business strategies are as set out in the Prospectus.

The unutilized net proceeds as at 31 March 2021 were placed as bank deposits with licensed bank in Hong Kong.

* The estimated amount of usage of net proceeds as at 31 March 2021 has been adjusted in the same proportion and in the same manner as stated in the Prospectus due to the above-mentioned difference between the estimated net proceeds and the actual net proceeds received.

An analysis comparing the business objective stated in the Prospectus with the Group's actual business progress as at 31 March 2021 is set out below:

Busi	ness objective and strategy	Actual business progress up to 31 March 2021
(i)	Expand our coverage in the minibus media	The Group has obtained advertising spaces on 805 additional green minibuses and 62 additional red minibuses.
		The social movement and the outbreak of COVID-19 have led to an unprecedented impact to the economy of Hong Kong. Since the COVID-19 outbreak, the Group has taken a cautious approach in business expansion and to ensure the Group has adequate resources to sustain our ordinary business during the economic downturn.
		Given the uncertainty of the global economy environment, the Group resolved to further put in-vehicle LCD panel advertising services on hold until October 2021 subject to the economic and social conditions.
		However, the Group will continue to explore the possibility of expanding our coverage in the minibus media by obtaining valuable exclusive advertising spaces.
(ii)	Expand our coverage in other transportation	The Group has executed an exclusive contract for the use of advertising spaces with a subsidiary of a prominent tour/coach bus operator in Hong Kong and obtained advertising spaces on not less than 100 tour/coach buses.
		The Group has obtained advertising spaces on 26 additional taxi with 50 additional taxi for Taxiboard media.
		The Group has been finalizing the negotiation of the contractual terms with a franchised bus operator in Hong Kong for the exclusive use of advertising spaces on the buses. Announcement will be made as required under the GEM Listing Rules.
(iii)	Expand our coverage in the healthcare-related advertising	Upon the completion of the agreement for the use of advertising spaces at the public hospitals on 30 April 2018 and the close down of the entire media platform in the health and beauty retail stores after 30 June 2018, the Group has assessed the effectiveness of expanding the coverage in the healthcare-related advertising. The Group has been considering the possibility of reallocating the resources of this segment into other segments or new business segments to maximize the effectiveness of the use of proceeds.
(iv)	Enhance our information management system	The Group has appointed a contractor to develop a new advertising information management system for the minibus advertising inventory management system. The actual commencement date of the new minibus inventory management system development was 18 May 2021 and it is expected that the system will be ready for trial run in September 2021.

Employees and Remuneration Policies

As at 31 March 2021, the Group had 37 employees (2020: 38 employees). The staff costs (including directors' emoluments) amounted to approximately HK\$15.4 million for year ended 31 March 2021 (2020: approximately HK\$18.7 million).

Remuneration is determined with reference to market standard and individual employees' responsibilities, qualification, experience and performance. The Group has also adopted a share option scheme as an added incentive for the employees.

OUTLOOK

The 2020/2021 financial year end was undoubtedly a difficult year for every industry in Hong Kong. The COVID-19 pandemic has been affecting economies across the world for over a year now, with substantial impact on the public health system, economic growth and the lives of people. Locally in Hong Kong, with the concerted efforts of the Government; medical practitioners, private sectors and Hong Kong residents, it is encouraging to note that recently the number of COVID-19 cases has dwindled considerably and economic activities have picked up. Many jurisdictions have instituted vaccination programmes as one of the cornerstones in their strategy to strive for economic recovery and it is expected that the vaccination rate will be increased gradually with reference to the incentives provided by the Government and private sectors. The Group has been prepared for the economic recovery in light of the vaccination and the open of borders with the mainland China. The Group continues to focus on out-of-home advertising as our principal business and embraces the challenges of the competition from digital advertising and any sorts of new media platforms. It is observed that advertisers in Hong Kong have always been leveraging outdoor platforms, even after the challenges of pandemic and social unrest. Although the advertising industry has undergone vast changes in the last decade, it remains an irreplaceable medium that enables advertisers to reach large audiences quickly, with unmissable yet unintrusive brand advertising messages. Compared to print, online, or TV advertising — which is one-to-one, can be turned off, or permits consumers to move to another channel — out-of-house advertising campaigns provide one-to-many audience experiences and cannot be ignored. The Group's transportation media platform provides the Group with a solid source of revenue income while the Group will continue to explore other media platforms to diversify the Group's exposures. The Group will also continue to adopt sensible sales packages to clients and provide them with bargains on our unsold advertising spaces; and try to grab their advertising budgets while we can. The Group is confident that at a certain point in time we will come out of the pandemic and see the economy regaining its vibrancy so the Group is prepared to embrace the new business opportunities for the time being.

PROFILE OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Ms. CHAU Wai Chu Irene (周慧珠), aged 71, is the Chairlady of the Board, an Executive Director, the Chief Executive Officer and a controlling shareholder of the Company. She is also the compliance officer of the Company and a member of the Remuneration Committee. Ms. Chau is responsible for providing leadership to the Board and advising on the business strategies of the Group. She was appointed as a Director on 28 June 2016. Ms. Chau had been a director of the Company's subsidiaries, Media Savvy Limited ("MSL") and Media Savvy Marketing Limited ("MSML") since July 2007 and December 2012, respectively. Ms. Chau was a cofounder of the Group and prior to becoming a director of MSL, Ms. Chau was a senior management of the Group responsible for managing the relationships with minibus route operators and taxi owners, and securing of advertising space with these operators. Ms. Chau also holds directorships in a number of the other subsidiaries within the Group, namely Media Savvy Marketing International Limited ("MSBVI"), Media Savvy In-Store Media Limited, Medic Savvy Media Limited ("MedicSML"), A1 Advertising & Production Company Limited ("AAPCL") and OOH La La Printing and Production Limited ("OOH La La"). Ms. Chau has over 21 years of experience in the outdoor media advertising industry. She has gained experience in the marketing field since the late 90's where she has held a senior role in the commercial field and also worked in non-profit organizations.

Mr. LEAN Chun Wai (梁俊威), aged 50, is an Executive Director. He is also a member of the Nomination Committee. He was appointed as a Director on 28 June 2016. Mr. Lean is responsible for providing leadership in the operation department and managing the relationships and securing advertising space with the Group's advertising space providers in the healthcare media platform. Mr. Lean supervises the information management system of advertising spaces of the Group and also manages the design and production department of the Group, responsible for printing and installation of advertising materials, procurement and supplier's relationship. Mr. Lean joined the Group in June 2011 and served as marketing consultant. He was appointed as a director of the Company's subsidiaries, MSL and MSML in December 2012. He was later appointed as a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company, MSBVI, MedicSML, AAPCL, OOH La La, MSMM Company Limited, Auto Savvy Limited, Vehicle Savvy Limited and M Savvy Media Limited. Mr. Lean has over 24 years of marketing experience.

Non-Executive Director

Mr. DA SILVA Antonio Marcus (施冠駒), aged 49, is a Non-Executive Director and a substantial shareholder of the Company. He is also a member of the Corporate Governance Committee. Mr. Da Silva was appointed as a Director on 28 June 2016. Mr. Da Silva is responsible for providing corporate governance guidance to the Board and advising on the business strategies of the Group. Mr. Da Silva is the co-founder of the Group and has been a director of MSL and MSML since April 2014. Mr. Da Silva graduated from Carnegie Mellon University in the United States with the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Master of Information Systems, double majors in Information and Decision Systems and Industrial Management in 1996. Mr. Da Silva is now a business development director of Jet-Speed Air Cargo Forwarders (Hong Kong) Limited and is responsible for business development. Mr. Da Silva has over 19 years of business experience.

PROFILE OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Ms. AU Shui Ming Anna (區瑞明), aged 57, was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director on 19 December 2016. She is the chairlady of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee. She is also a member of the Nomination Committee. Ms. Au holds a bachelor degree in Commerce, majoring in Accounting, from the University of Wollongong in Australia. She is a Certified Practicing Accountant of CPA Australia and a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Ms. Au has extensive experience in the finance and accounting fields. She is currently the chief financial officer of New Horizon Capital (Group) Limited. In addition, Ms. Au is currently a director of i-Craftsmen Limited and Smart Education Company Limited. She is an independent non-executive director of Smart City Development Holdings Limited (stock code: 8268), a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. LIANG Man Kit Jerry (梁文傑), aged 47, was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director on 19 December 2016. He is the chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee and a member of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee. In September 2014, Mr. Liang was appointed as the director and the chief operation officer at RT Management Limited to oversee the daily operation of the company. Mr. Liang is also a director of Media Venture Company Limited, an advertising and promotion agency. Mr. Liang was formerly the Editor-in-Chief of Precious Magazine.

Mr. LAM Yau Fung Curt (林右烽), aged 52, was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director on 23 August 2019. He is also the chairman of the Nomination Committee and a member of the Audit Committee and the Corporate Governance Committee. He is the general manager of Wanda Hotel Development Company Limited (stock code: 00169), which is listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange and a member of the Dalian Wanda Group. He was an executive director of Yuexiu Property Company Limited (stock code: 00123), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, and also the chief financial officer of the Yue Xiu Group. Mr. Lam was previously the head of corporate finance and business development at GOME Electrical Appliances Holding Limited (now known as GOME Retail Holdings Limited) (stock code: 00493) ("GOME"), one of China's largest electronics retailers, which is listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Prior to joining GOME, he spent about 10 years working in investment banking and capital markets at Schroders Asia, ABN AMRO Rothschild, and Deutsche Bank. He is a Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA) and holds a Master of Business Administration (MBA) degree from Rice University in the United States. Mr. Lam has extensive experience in corporate finance, financial and accounting fields.

Mr. Lam has been appointed as an independent non-executive director of Asia Allied Infrastructure Holding Limited (stock code: 00711), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, since January 2017 and is also currently the chairman of its remuneration committee and a member of its audit committee and nomination committee. Mr. Lam has been also appointed as an independent non-executive director of The Hong Kong Building and Loan Agency Limited (now known as CCIAM Future Energy Limited) (stock code: 00145), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, since 19 October 2020.

PROFILE OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. HUNG Kay Man (洪啟文**)**, aged 56, is the Sales and Marketing Director of the Group. He joined the sales and marketing department of the Group in December 2011. He is responsible for providing leadership in our sales and marketing department, as well as building relationships with customers for all our media platforms to promote our advertising platforms to clients. Together with Ms. Chau, our Chairlady, Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Hung is responsible for setting up annual advertising rates for all media platforms as well as setting annual sales targets for the Group's sales team. He began his career as a junior floor manager at Television Broadcasts Limited in 1986. He has over 24 years of sales experience.

Ms. HO Hei Man (何希文), aged 32, is the Operation and Marketing Manager of the Group. She joined the operation and administration department of the Group in March 2012, and was later promoted to the assistant manager position in January 2014. Ms. Ho obtained a Bachelor of Arts (Hons) degree in marketing and management from the University of Hull, which is a part-time course held and conducted at the University of Hong Kong. Ms. Ho is responsible for the minibus operation where she oversees and manages daily operation and supports the sales team for achieving company goals.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. FUNG Suk Han (馮淑嫻), aged 47, was appointed as the company secretary of the Company on 7 July 2017. She joined the Group in May 2017. Ms. Fung holds a Master degree in business administration from The Open University of Hong Kong. She is currently an associate member of The Chartered Governance Institute in the United Kingdom and The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries. She has over 23 years of experience in company secretarial field and extensive experience in corporate governance practices with listed companies.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") is committed to uphold a high standard of corporate governance practices appropriate to the conduct and growth in its business in accordance with all applicable rules and regulations. The Board believes that good corporate governance is important in balancing the interests of shareholders, customers and employees and the success of business. The Board continues to review and improve the Company's corporate governance practices from time to time.

The Company has adopted the principles and code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 15 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "GEM Listing Rules"). Save for the deviation as disclosed under the section headed "CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE" below, the Board viewed that the Company has complied with the CG Code during the year ended 31 March 2021 (the "Year").

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors and the directors of its subsidiaries and holding companies, who may likely possess inside information on the Company or its securities, on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Company had also made specific enquiry of all the Directors and the Company was not aware of any non-compliance with the required standard of dealings regarding securities transactions by the Directors during the Year.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Composition

As at 31 March 2021, the Board comprised two Executive Directors, one Non-Executive Director and three Independent Non-Executive Directors. The composition of the Board is set out as follows:

Executive Directors:

Ms. CHAU Wai Chu Irene (Chairlady and Chief Executive Officer)
Mr. LEAN Chun Wai

Non-Executive Director:

Mr. DA SILVA Antonio Marcus

Independent Non-Executive Directors:

Ms. AU Shui Ming Anna Mr. LIANG Man Kit Jerry Mr. LAM Yau Fung Curt

Functions, Roles and Responsibilities of the Board

The Board is responsible for leadership and control of the Group and is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Group by directing and supervising the Group's affairs. The Board focuses on formulating the Group's overall strategies, authorizing the development plan and budget; monitoring financial and operating performance; reviewing the effectiveness of the internal control systems; supervising and managing management's performance of the Group; and setting the Group's values and standards. The Board delegates the day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Group to the Chief Executive Officer and senior management. The delegated functions are reviewed by the Board periodically to ensure that they accommodate the needs of the Group. The abovementioned personnel should report back and obtain prior approval from the Board before making any significant commitments on the Company's behalf, and they may not exceed any authority given to them by resolutions of the Board or the Company.

The Non-Executive Director does not involve general management and day-to-day operation of the Group. However, he provides advice on strategic direction for the Group in the Board meetings.

The Independent Non-Executive Directors bring a wide range of business and financial expertise, experience and independent judgement to the Board, on issues of strategic direction, policies, development, performance and risk management. Through active participation in Board meetings, taking the lead in managing issues involving potential conflict of interests and serving on Board committees, they scrutinize the Company's performance in achieving corporate goals and objectives and monitor performance reporting. By doing so, they are able to contribute positively to the Company's strategy and policies through independent, constructive and informed comments at Board and Board committee meetings.

Each Director has confirmed that he/she can give sufficient time and attention to the Company's affairs, and has regularly provided information on the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organizations and other significant commitments, including the identity of such companies or organizations and an indication of the time involved.

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover for Directors' liabilities in respect of legal actions against them for corporate activities.

Confirmation of Independence of Independent Non-Executive Directors

Each of the Independent Non-Executive Directors has made an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all Independent Non-Executive Directors meet the independence guidelines set out in Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules and are independent in accordance with the terms of the guidelines.

Term of Appointment of Non-Executive Directors

Pursuant to code provision A.4.1 of the CG Code, non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to reelection. The Non-Executive Director and each of the Independent Non-Executive Directors have entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years, subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting at least once every three years in accordance with the Company's articles of association (the "**Articles of Association**").

Board/Board Committee Meetings

The Board is scheduled to meet in person or through other electronic means of communication at least four times a year to, among other matters, review past financial and operating performance and discuss the Group's directions and strategies. An agenda and accompanying papers together with all appropriate information are sent to all Directors at least three days before each Board meeting or Board committee meetings so as to ensure timely access to relevant information. Appropriate notice of at least 14 days for regular Board meetings and reasonable notice for other Board committee meetings are given to all Directors, who are all be given an opportunity to attend and include matters in the agenda for discussion. Senior management are invited to join all Board meetings to enhance communication between the Board and management whenever necessary; the Board and each Director can also have separate and independent access to senior management whenever necessary. The Company Secretary takes minutes of the meetings and keeps records of matters discussed and decisions resolved at the meetings, including any concerns raised or dissenting views expressed by Directors, and the voting results of Board meetings fairly reflect Board consensus. Both draft and final versions of the minutes are sent to all Directors for their comments and records respectively, within a reasonable time after each meeting, and such minutes are open for inspection with reasonable advance notice by any Director. Directors are entitled to have access to board papers and related materials, and any queries can be responded to fully.

During the Year, the Board held 4 regular meetings and the attendance of each Director is listed under the section heading "Meetings Held and Attendance" below on a named basis.

Upon reasonable request to the Board, the Directors can seek independent professional advice in performing their duties at the Company's expense, if necessary. According to the current Board's practice, should a potential conflict of interest involving a substantial shareholder of the Company or Director arise, the matter will be discussed in a Board meeting, as opposed to being dealt with by written resolution. Independent Non-Executive Directors with no conflict of interest will present at such meetings. When the Board considers any proposal or transaction in which a Director has a conflict of interest, the Director concerned will declare his/her interests and abstain from voting.

Meetings Held and Attendance

During the Year, the composition of the Board and the Board committees, and the individual attendance records of each Director at the regular Board meetings, the respective Board committee meetings and the annual general meeting held on 21 August 2020 are set out below:

	Meetings attended/Number of meetings held during the Year						
Name of Directors	Board Meeting	Audit Committee Meeting	Remuneration Committee Meeting	Nomination Committee Meeting	Corporate Governance Committee Meeting	Annual General Meeting	
Executive Directors:							
Ms. CHAU Wai Chu Irene							
(Chairlady and Chief Executive Officer)	4/4	N/A	1/1	N/A	N/A	1/1	
Ms. CHEUNG Kit Yi (Note 1)	1/1	N/A	N/A	1/1	N/A	N/A	
Mr. LEAN Chun Wai (Note 2)	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1	
Non-Executive Director:							
Mr. DA SILVA Antonio Marcus	3/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1	1/1	
Independent Non-Executive Directors:							
Ms. AU Shui Ming Anna	4/4	5/5	1/1	1/1	N/A	1/1	
Mr. LIANG Man Kit Jerry	4/4	5/5	1/1	N/A	1/1	1/1	
Mr. LAM Yau Fung Curt	4/4	5/5	N/A	1/1	1/1	1/1	

Notes:

^{1.} Ms. CHEUNG Kit Yi resigned as an Executive Director with effect from 1 July 2020 and ceased as a member of the Nomination Committee on the same day.

^{2.} Mr. LEAN Chun Wai was appointed as a member of the Nomination Committee on 1 July 2020.

Continuing Professional Development

Pursuant to code provision A.6.5 of the CG Code, all directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

According to the records maintained by the Company, during the Year, training sessions on the updates of the GEM Listing Rules and directors' responsibilities and relevant reading materials were arranged to the current Directors and the Directors participated in continuous professional development in following manner:

Name of Directors	Attending training sessions	Reading materials
Executive Directors:		
Ms. CHAU Wai Chu Irene (Chairlady and Chief Executive Officer)	✓	~
Mr. LEAN Chun Wai	V	✓
Non-Executive Director:		
Mr. DA SILVA Antonio Marcus	✓	✓
Independent Non-Executive Directors:		
Ms. AU Shui Ming Anna	✓	✓
Mr. LIANG Man Kit Jerry	✓	✓
Mr. LAM Yau Fung Curt	✓	~

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Ms. CHAU Wai Chu Irene ("Ms. Chau") is the Chairlady of the Board who is primarily responsible for formulating overall corporate strategies. Ms. Chau is also the Chief Executive Officer who is primarily responsible for day-to-day management of the Group. In accordance with code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual and the division of responsibilities between the chairman and the chief executive should be clearly established and set out in writing. In view of her experience and familiarity with the business operations of the Group, the Board considers that the roles of Chairlady and Chief Executive Officer being performed by Ms. Chau would be appropriate to maintain the efficiency in the overall strategic planning, management and business development of the Group. The Board also considers that the balance of power and authority is adequately ensured by the operations of the Board, which comprises experienced and high caliber individuals including three Independent Non-Executive Directors which meets regularly to discuss issues affecting operations of the Group and all important decisions of the Group are made with the contribution of all Board members. The Board with the Corporate Governance Committee will continue to review the Group's corporate governance policies and compliance with the CG Code each financial year.

Code provision A.2.7 of the CG Code requires the chairman of the board to hold meetings at least annually with the independent non-executive directors without the presence of other directors. During the Year, a meeting between the Chairlady of the Board and the Independent Non-Executive Directors was held.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established four committees, namely, the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Corporate Governance Committee, to oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees are established with written terms of reference, which have complied with the CG Code and are available on the Stock Exchange website at www.hkexnews.hk and the Company's website at www.ooh.com.hk and are available to shareholders upon request. The Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expense. The Board committees will report back to the Board on their decisions or recommendations.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee has been established with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code from time to time. The Audit Committee currently consists of all Independent Non-Executive Directors, namely, Ms. AU Shui Ming Anna, Mr. LIANG Man Kit Jerry and Mr. LAM Yau Fung Curt. Ms. AU Shui Ming Anna is the chairlady of the Audit Committee. The primary responsibilities of the Audit Committee include but without limitation the following: (i) assisting the Board in providing an independent view of the effectiveness of our Group's financial reporting process, internal control and risk management systems; (ii) overseeing the audit process; and (iii) performing other duties and responsibilities as assigned by the Board.

The Audit Committee held five meetings during the Year and the attendance of each member of Audit Committee is listed under the section heading "Meetings Held and Attendance" above on a named basis. During the Year, the Audit Committee reviewed the Group's audited annual results for the year ended 31 March 2020 and the unaudited quarterly and interim results for the year ended 31 March 2021, which was of the opinion that the preparation of such results complied with the applicable accounting standards and requirements and that adequate disclosure had been made. The Audit Committee discussed the audit planning memorandum in relation to the audit for annual results 2019/20. The Group's audit fees for the year ended 31 March 2020 was discussed and recommended the same to the Board. The Audit Committee also reviewed the internal control review report of the Group and also considered the effectiveness on the risk management and internal control systems under the GEM Listing Rules.

As at the date of this annual report, the Audit Committee has discussed and reviewed with management the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year and also reviewed and discussed the Group's audit fee for the Year.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee has been established with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code from time to time. The Remuneration Committee currently consists of two Independent Non-Executive Directors and one Executive Director, namely, Ms. AU Shui Ming Anna, Mr. LIANG Man Kit Jerry and Ms. Chau. Ms. AU Shui Ming Anna is the chairlady of the Remuneration Committee. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include, among others, to review on the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management, and to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors' and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy.

During the Year, the Remuneration Committee held one meeting and the attendance of each member of Remuneration Committee is listed under the section heading "Meetings Held and Attendance" above on a named basis. The Remuneration Committee reviewed the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management and its terms of reference during the Year. No Director or any of his/her associates is involved in deciding his/her own remuneration.

Details of the remuneration paid to the senior management of the Group (including the Directors) by band for the year ended 31 March 2021 are set out in note 13 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee has been established with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code from time to time. The Nomination Committee currently consists of two Independent Non-Executive Directors and one Executive Director, namely, Mr. LAM Yau Fung Curt, Ms. AU Shui Ming Anna and Mr. LEAN Chun Wai. Mr. LAM Yau Fung Curt is the chairman of the Nomination Committee. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee include, among others, to review and monitor the structure, size and composition of the Board and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement of the Group's strategy; to identify individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board; to assess the independence of Independent Non-Executive Directors; and to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors, succession planning for Directors and to review the board diversity policy and the nomination policy of the Company.

During the Year, the Nomination Committee held one meeting and the attendance of each member of Nomination Committee is listed under the section heading "Meetings Held and Attendance" above on a named basis. The Nomination Committee reviewed the Board's structure and composition, its terms of reference, the independence of the Independent Non-Executive Directors; and considered the re-election of retiring Directors and made recommendations to the Board during the Year.

Nomination Policy

The Company was adopted a nomination policy on 11 February 2019, which establishes written guidelines to the Nomination Committee to identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and to make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships with reference to the formulated criteria.

Selection Criteria

In assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate, the Nomination Committee would consider the certain factors including but not limit to the proposed candidate's reputation for integrity, accomplishment, experience and reputation in the industry which the Group operates, commitment in respect of sufficient time, interest and attention to the Company's business and diversity in all aspects as set out in the board diversity policy adopted by the Company from time to time, the ability to assist and support management and make significant contributions to the Company's success, and whether the proposed candidate would be considered independent with reference to the independence guidelines as set out in the GEM Listing Rules in case of selection of Independent Non-Executive Directors. The Nomination Committee and the Board have the discretion to nominate any person, as it considers appropriate.

Nomination Procedures

Proposed candidates will be asked to submit the necessary personal information, together with their written consent to be appointed as a director and to the public disclosure of their personal data on any documents or the relevant websites for the purpose of or in relation to their standing for election as a director. The Nomination Committee may request candidates to provide additional information and documents, if considered necessary. The secretary of the Nomination Committee shall convene a meeting of the Nomination Committee, and invite nominations of candidates from Board members if any, for consideration by the Nomination Committee prior to its meeting. The Nomination Committee may also put forward candidates who are not nominated by Board members. For filling a casual vacancy and/or as an addition to the Board, the Nomination Committee shall make recommendations for the Board's consideration and approval. For proposing candidates to stand for election at a general meeting, the Nomination Committee shall make nominations to the Board for its consideration and recommendation.

Board Diversity Policy

The Board adopted the board diversity policy on 19 December 2016 (the "Board Diversity Policy"). The Board Diversity Policy is available on the Company's website at www.ooh.com.hk under the section of "Investor Relations". According to the Board Diversity Policy, in designing the Board's composition and selecting candidates to the Board, board diversity has been considered from a number of aspects, including but not limit to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

The Nomination Committee reviewed the Board's composition under diversified perspectives, and monitored the implementation of the Board Diversity Policy during the Year.

As at the date of this annual report, the Board's composition under major diversified perspectives was summarised as follows:

Board Diversity

Designation	Executive	e Director	Non-Executive Director	Independent Non-Executive Director		
Gender	Male Female				nale	
Ethnicity	Chinese					
Age group	46–55 56–65 66–75				66–75	
Length of service	Less than 5 years 5 to 10 years				Over 1	0 years
Number of Directors	1	2	3	4	5	6

Corporate Governance Committee

The Corporate Governance Committee has been established with written terms of reference in compliance with the relevant code provisions from time to time. The Corporate Governance Committee currently consists of two Independent Non-Executive Directors and the Non-Executive Director, namely, Mr. LIANG Man Kit Jerry, Mr. LAM Yau Fung Curt and Mr. DA SILVA Antonio Marcus. Mr. LIANG Man Kit Jerry is the chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee. The primary duties of the Corporate Governance Committee include, among others, to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board; to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management; to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and to review the Company's compliance with the code and disclosure in the corporate governance report contained in the annual report.

During the Year, the Corporate Governance Committee held one meeting and the attendance of each member of Corporate Governance Committee is listed under the section heading "Meetings Held and Attendance" above on a named basis. The Corporate Governance Committee reviewed the corporate government report for the year ended 31 March 2020, the risk management and internal control systems of the Company, its terms of reference, the training and continuous professional development of Directors; and considered and reviewed the separation roles of the Chairlady and the Chief Executive Officer during the Year.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements for each financial year with a view to ensuring such financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flow for that year. The Company's financial statements are prepared in accordance with all relevant statutory requirements and suitable accounting standards. The Directors are responsible for ensuring that appropriate accounting policies are selected and applied consistently; judgements and estimates made are prudent and reasonable; and the financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis.

The responsibility statement of the Company's auditor, BDO Limited, in respect of the consolidated financial statements is set out in the section headed "Independent Auditor's Report" on pages 46 to 50 of this annual report. For the year ended 31 March 2021, the fee in respect of the audit services provided to the Group by BDO Limited, is set out as follows:

Nature of services	For the year ended 31 March 2021
	HK\$
Audit services	540,000

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board is responsible for the Group's risk management and internal control systems and reviewing their effectiveness on an ongoing basis. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The main features of the risk management and internal control systems are to provide a clear governance structure, policies and procedures, as well as reporting mechanism to facilitate the Group to manage its risks across business operations. The Group has established a risk management framework, which consists of the Board, the Audit Committee and the senior management. The Board determines the nature and extent of risks that shall be taken in achieving the Group's strategic objectives, and has the overall responsibility for monitoring the design, implementation and the overall effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems. At least on an annual basis, the senior management should identify risks that would adversely affect the achievement of the Group's objectives, and assess and prioritize the identified risks according to a set of standard criteria. Risk mitigation plans and risk owners should then be established for those risks considered to be significant.

The Group's internal audit function is performed by the management of the Company, including analysing and appraising the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems. For the enhancement of the quality of the internal audit, the Company has engaged an external consultant to execute a certain agreed scope of internal audit function. Deficiencies in the design and implementation of internal controls were identified and recommendations to be proposed for improvement. Significant internal control deficiencies should be reported to the Audit Committee and the Board to ensure prompt remediation actions should be taken.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Board has performed annual review on the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems, including but not limit to the Group's ability to cope with its business transformation and changing external environment; the scope and quality of management's review on risk management and internal control systems; result of internal audit work; the extent and frequency of communications with the Board in relation to result of risk and internal control review; significant failures or weaknesses identified and their related implications; and status of compliance with the GEM Listing Rules. The Board considers the Group's risk management and internal control systems are effective and adequate.

Procedures and Internal Control for the Handling and Dissemination of Inside Information

The Company has adopted its information disclosure policy and related procedures with regard to the "Guidelines on Disclosure of Inside Information" issued by the Securities and Futures Commission. The policy stipulates the responsibilities of the Group, key disclosure requirements under Part XIVA of the Securities and Futures Ordinance and Rules 17.10, 17.11 and 17.11A of the GEM Listing Rules, control measures and reporting procedures of handling confidential information and monitoring information disclosure. The Group adopts an upward reporting approach within the Group for identifying and escalating any potential inside information to the Board. The policy is reviewed regularly and all reasonable measures have to be taken from time to time to ensure proper safeguards to prevent any breach of disclosure requirements and to maintain strict confidentiality of information.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. FUNG Suk Han ("Ms. Fung") is the company secretary of the Company. Ms. Fung reports to the Executive Directors and is responsible for advising the Board on corporate governance and other company secretarial matters. Please refer to her biographical details as set out on page 15 of this annual report.

During the Year, Ms. Fung has undertaken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in accordance with Rule 5.15 of the GEM Listing Rules.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between the shareholder(s) of the Company ("Shareholder(s)") and the Board. An annual general meeting of the Company shall be held in each year and at the place as may be determined by the Board. Each general meeting, other than an annual general meeting, shall be called an extraordinary general meeting ("EGM").

Right to Convene EGM and Procedures

Pursuant to Article 58 of the Articles of Association, the Board may whenever it thinks fit call an EGM. Any one or more member(s) holding at the date of the deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Suite A5, 9/F, Jumbo Industrial Building, 189 Wai Yip Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong for the attention of the company secretary of the Company, to require an EGM to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed duly to convene such EGM, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

Right to Put Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders have the right to put enquiries to the Board. All such enquiries shall be in writing and sent by post to the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong for the attention of the company secretary of the Company.

Shareholders may also make enquiries with the Board at the general meetings of the Company.

Right to Put Forward Proposals at General Meetings

There are no provisions allowing Shareholders to propose new resolutions at the general meetings under the Companies Law (as revised) of the Cayman Islands, as amended, modified and supplemental from time to time.

However, pursuant to the Articles of Association, Shareholders who wish to move a resolution may by means of requisitions convene an EGM following the procedures set out above.

Right to Propose a Person for Election as a Director

If a Shareholder wishes to propose a person other than a Director retiring for election as a Director at a general meeting ("**GM**"), the Shareholder should deposit a written notice (the "**Notice**") of nomination at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong or at the office of the Company's branch share registrar within a period of at least seven (7) days commencing from the day after the dispatch of the Notice of such GM and ending no later than seven (7) days prior to the date of such GM. The relevant procedures will be set out in the circular regarding, among others, the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company, which will be delivered together with this annual report to the Shareholders.

The Notice must state clearly the name, the contact information of Shareholder and his/her/their shareholdings, the full name of the person proposed for election as a Director, including the person's biographical details as required by Rule 17.50(2) of the GEM Listing Rules, and be signed by Shareholder concerned (other than the person to be proposed). The Notice must also be accompanied by a written notice of consent (the "Consent letter") signed by the person proposed to be elected on his/her willingness to be elected as a Director.

The Notice will be verified with the Company's branch share registrar and upon their confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the company secretary of the Company will ask the Nomination Committee and the Board to consider to include the resolution in the agenda for the GM proposing such person to be elected as a Director.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company has established a range of communication channels between itself and its Shareholders, investors and other stakeholders. These include the general meetings, the annual, interim and quarterly reports, notices, announcements and circulars and the Company's website at www.ooh.com.hk.

The Board encourages Shareholders to attend general meetings to communicate any concerns they might have with the Board or management directly. The Company has also maintained a shareholders' communication policy, details of which are available on the Company's website under the section of "Investor Relations".

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company has adopted a dividend policy on 11 February 2019. Pursuant to the policy, the Company should maintain adequate cash reserves for meeting its working capital requirements and future growth as well as its shareholder value in recommending or declaring dividends. The Company does not have any pre-determined dividend distribution ratio. The proposal of payment and the amount of dividends will be made at the discretion of the Board and will depend on the Group's results of operations, earnings, financial condition, cash requirements and availability, future capital expenditure and development requirements, business conditions and strategies, interests of shareholders, any restrictions on payment of dividends and any other factors that the Board may consider relevant. The Board will review the dividend policy as appropriate from time to time.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the Year, there had been no significant change in the Company's constitutional documents.

The board of Directors (the "Board") of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") would like to present the environmental, social and governance ("ESG") report ("ESG Report") for the year ended 31 March 2021 (the "Year"), in accordance with Appendix 20 — Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide published by Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited. This report aims to provide the Group's stakeholders with an overview of the Group's efforts regarding ESG impacts arising from its daily operations.

The Group is principally engaged in the operation of advertising business on transportation and outdoor sector. The scope of this ESG Report focuses on the environmental and social performance within the operational boundaries of the Group in Hong Kong during the Year and it covers the data and information from the head office, in-house printing facilities and the retail outlet for Mizimamei branded food and beverage products, in which all of them are located in Hong Kong. The Group continues strengthening information collection in order to enhance our performance in environmental realm and to disclose relative information of sustainable development.

The information disclosed in the ESG Report is taken from the Group's internal documents and statistical data. The ESG Report has been confirmed and approved by the Board on 21 June 2021.

STAKEHOLDERS ENGAGEMENT AND MATERIAL ASSESSMENT

The Group continues to maintain the relationships and communicate with its key stakeholders, including but not limit to employees, customers, suppliers, investors, Shareholders, government bodies and communities through various channels such as conferences, electronic platforms and public events so as to understand the concerns of various stakeholders. To formulate the operational strategies and ESG measures, the Group takes into account the expectations of stakeholders and strives to improve its performance through mutual cooperation with the stakeholders, resulting in creating greater value for the community.

The management and employees that perform major functions in the Group have all participated in preparing the ESG Report to assist the Group in reviewing its operation, identifying relevant ESG matters, and assessing the importance of such relevant matters to our business and stakeholders. Information was collected from relevant departments of the Group based on the major ESG matters that had been assessed.

A. ENVIRONMENTAL

A1. Emissions

A1.1 Emissions from vehicle usage

During the Year, air pollutants for nitrogen oxides ("NOx"), sulphur oxides ("SOx") and particulate matter ("PM") were mainly generated from motor vehicles of the Group. The key environmental performance indicators of NOx, SOx and PM produced from the Group's operation are shown in the following table:

Type of air pollutants	Unit	2020/21	2019/20
NOx	kg	8.44	7.32
SOx	kg	0.25	0.25
PM	kg	0.62	0.54

The level of the air pollutants from vehicle usage was remain stable during the Year. The Group would continue the work to ensure the efficient usage of private cars. The Group has implemented the following measures so as to achieve the environmental friendly approach; (i) avoid peak hour traffic; (ii) encourage taking public transport; and (iii) utilize the vehicle usage by carpooling with different staff.

A12 Greenhouse Gas ("GHG") Emissions

GHG emissions are categorised into direct and indirect emissions. The main sources of direct GHG emission from operations are the use of motor vehicles owned by the Group. The main sources of indirect GHG emission from operations are the use of purchased electricity, paper waste disposed at landfills and electricity used for fresh water processing and sewage processing. The key environmental performance indicators of GHG emissions produced by the Group's operation during the Year are shown as below:

GHG emissions	2020/21 Intensity — tCO₂e per tCO₂e employee		2019 tCO₂e	n/20 Intensity — tCO₂e per employee
Scope 1 — Direct emission by combustion of fuels in mobile sources (Note 1)	45.62	1.23	45 62	1.20
Scope 2 — Energy indirect emission by	45.02	1.23	43.02	1.20
electricity consumption (Note 2)	38.09	1.03	36.75	0.97
Scope 3 — Other indirect emissions by				
paper and water consumptions (Note 3)	1.72	0.05	1.52	0.04
Total GHG emissions	85.43	2.31	83.89	2.21

Notes:

- Direct GHG emissions from combustion of fuels in mobile sources refer to the sum of carbon dioxide ("CO₂") emission and the CO₂ equivalent emissions of methane ("CH₄") and nitrous oxide ("N₂O"). The data is sourced from the petrol consumption on purchasing volume of unleaded petrol of the Group's passenger cars.
- 2. The electricity consumption data is sourced from electricity bills issued by China Light & Power and Hong Kong Electric.
- 3. Other indirect emissions by paper and water consumptions consisted of paper waste disposed at landfills and electricity used for processing fresh water and sewage by government departments generated from the retail outlet. The figures of 2019/20 were adjusted based on the above calculation.

During the Year, the Group's total GHG emissions amounted to approximately 85.43 tonnes (2020: 83.89 tonnes) and the total GHG emission per employee was 2.31 tonnes (2020: 2.21 tonnes). The slightly increase of total GHG emissions was mainly due to the increase of electricity and water consumption of the retail outlet. The Group will continue to further manage environmental performance attributable to its operations to enhance for using electricity and water more efficiently. The Group has implemented a number of measures to mitigate energy consumption such as turning off the lighting and the air-conditioning system at night or when leaving office, paperless processing in internal communications, duplex printing and copying etc..

A1.3 Hazardous Waste

During the Year, hazardous waste from the Group was mainly from inks used for in-house printing facilities. The amount of hazardous waste generation was insignificant, thus related data is not reported.

The Group requires the related employees to handle the hazardous wastes properly. Clear instructions and the protection equipment are provided to employees handling the wastes and the hazardous wastes are stored in rigid containers to avoid spillage and at designed storage area.

A1.4 Non-Hazardous Waste

Non-hazardous waste from the Group's operation consisted of the stickers for the advertising materials and the plastic sheet for the display of advertisement on the advertising board ("**Advertising Waste**") and paper waste. During the Year, the consumption volume generated by the Group is shown as below:

	2020/21		2019	/20
		Intensity —		
	Quantity	Unit per		Unit per
Category of Non-hazardous waste	(tonnes)	employee	(tonnes)	employee
Advertising Waste	9.42	0.250	12.53	0.330
Paper waste	0.24	0.006	0.21	0.005
Total non-hazardous waste	9.66	0.256	12.74	0.335

During the Year, total quantity of non-hazardous waste was decreased by approximately 24.18% compared to the correspondence period in 2019/20 due to the decrease demand of advertising materials.

The Group continuously improves the efficiency of resources and disposal of waste in reasonable manner. We have implemented paperless processing in its internal communications, including for employee time sheets, payrolls and memorandum, etc.. Moreover, duplex printing and copying has become the norm within the Group, which is greatly reducing paper consumption and saving costs. Usage data of office printing machines is regularly collected and assessed, to monitor the efficiency of a paperless environment. Besides, the Group will consider to adopt the waste management plan to ensure appropriate handle the Advertising Waste.

The Group has continued to make its best endeavors to protect the environment from its business activities and workplace during the Year. Although the Group's principal business does not generate significant hazardous emissions, wastes or pollutants, the Board recognizes that as a world citizen, we should combat climate change and adopt green practices in our operations and activities. The Group educates its employees on their awareness of promoting a "green" environment. The Group seeks to identify and manage environmental impacts attributable to its operation, in order to minimize the impacts. The relevant measures have been taken during the daily operation and have formulated policies and procedures relating the environmental management to govern limited greenhouse gas emissions, hazardous and non-hazardous wastes generated from our operations.

A2. Use of Resources

A2.1 Energy consumption

During the Year, the Group's energy consumption by type in total and intensity were shown as below:

Type of energy	Unit	2020/21	2019/20
Direct energy consumption			
— Diesel	kWh	163,280	163,280
Indirect energy consumption			
 Electricity purchased 	kWh	79,910	65,545
Total energy consumption	kWh	243,190	228,825
Intensity per unit of employee	kWh/person	6,572.71	6,021.71

During the Year, the Group's total energy consumption was increased by approximately 21.92% compared to the correspondence period in 2019/20 mainly due to the increase of electricity purchased from the retail outlet.

The Group tries to reduce the energy consumption through specific measures. We strives to utilize telephone conference to minimize face-to-face meetings in order to reduce petrol consumption in travelling and unnecessary business trip. The Group encourages resources saving in daily office operation and proactively fosters a low-carbon corporate culture, which further increase our employees' awareness in energy conservation.

A2.2 Water consumption and use of packaging materials

For the Group's head office and in-house printing facilities, our water usage arises mainly from water tap and drinking water. During the Year, we operated in leased premises in Hong Kong of which both of the water supply and discharge are solely controlled by the respective building management which considered that provision of water withdrawal and discharge data or sub-meter for individual occupant not feasible. The relevant data are therefore not disclosed.

Water consumption in total and intensity for the retail outlet during the Year were shown as below:

	Unit	2020/21	2019/20
Water consumption (Note)	Cubic meter	932	833
Intensity per unit of employee	Cubic meter/person	25.19	21.92

Note: Water consumption for 2019/20 was covered the period from May 2019 to March 2020.

To avoid unnecessary water consumption from daily operation, we promote good staff behavior by encouraging employees to always turn taps off tightly so they do not drip and giving priority to effective water-saving products.

Besides, the Group did not generate the significant packaging material and hence the disclosure is immaterial to the Group during the Year.

To strengthen the "green" environment launched by the Group, the Group will implement a systematic data collection strategy in future.

A3. The Environment and Natural Resources

The Group strives to promote environmental protection and make effective use of its resources and adopts the concepts of reduce, reuse, recycle and replacement.

The Group aims to maximize energy conservation by promoting efficient use of resources and adopting green technologies. For instance, for our transportation media platform, we have encouraged our suppliers to use solvent based ink and recyclable sticker/backsheet to minimize the impact to the environment. To minimize the wastage of the materials, we have given directions to our design department to maximize to usage of the printable area of each sticker and to reduce the test-print outputs by encouraging the advertisers to approve the design layout via electronic copies rather than physical hardcopies. Also, the establishment of the in-house printing facilities enabled the Group a better control on the material used for the printing. It includes the solvent to be used for the printing machines; the advertising stickers and the packaging materials. Since the Group has been operating the facilities internally, packaging materials have been minimized. The Group has been using recycling material and/or discarded stickers as the test print for internal use.

For our healthcare media platform, apart from adopting the same principle mentioned above to minimize the use of materials, the Group has considered to adopt the Guidelines and Procedures for Environmental Impact Assessment of Government Projects and Proposals (Technical Circular (Works) No. 13/2003) issued by the Environment, Transport and Works Bureau. In particular, the Group has considered using low-energy consumption light in our lightbox and energy efficient LCD Panels installed at our designated hospitals.

The Group regularly reviews, measures and actions to reduce significant impact on the environment and natural resources and ensure that the relevant laws and regulations are complied with.

B. SOCIETY

B1. Employment

The Group believes that a motivated and balanced workforce is crucial for building a sustainable business model and delivering long-term returns. The employees of the Group are the most valuable resources. As at 31 March 2021, the Group has 37 employees.

We aim to provide a harmonious working environment for our employees through competitive remuneration packages that are comparable to the market standard and structured to commensurate with individual responsibilities, qualifications, experiences and performance. Annual review on staff performance is conducted and the appraisal result provides basis for salary review. We treasure staff who share the same values and aspirations with the Company, and provide adequate development opportunities accordingly.

During the Year, the Group has complied with all applicable laws and regulations relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, holiday, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, benefits and welfare, and preventing child and forced labour.

B2. Health and Safety

The Group values the health and well-being of staff. In order to provide employees with health coverage, staff are entitled to benefits including medical subsidies, provident funds and other competitive fringe benefits.

The Group believes that maintaining a work-life balance is essential for sustainability and a sound body and mind for every employee. To support employees in maintaining work-life balance, the Group actively provides a variety of staff activities including sales quarterly dinner and festival gathering for our staff and their family members. These activities are enhanced to strengthen relationships between employees, and foster a healthy and harmonious working environment.

In relation to the outbreak of COVID-19, the Group has adopted a series of preventive measures, including but not limit to (i) tracking the health status of employees in a timely manner; (ii) requiring employees to wear a mask at all time; and (iii) reminding employees to conscious of personal hygiene, so as to fully protect the health and safety of employees and tide out the pandemic together.

The Group strives to provide a safe and healthy working environment for the employees under reasonable and practicable conditions. During the Year, the Group has complied with the applicable laws and regulations in relation to the health and safety workplace.

B3. Development and Training

The Group recognizes the importance of skilled and professionally trained employees to its business growth and future success. The Group encourages and provides subsidies to employees at all levels to pursue educational or training opportunities that achieve personal growth and professional development.

The Group provides regular weekly meeting and also provide training to our sales staff including training on sales technique, advertisement content vetting for regulatory compliance and intellectual property-related issue.

B4. Labour Standards

The Group strictly prohibits employing any child labour or forced labour in its operations in Hong Kong. The Group has established a well-defined recruitment process which examines the background of candidates. During the recruitment process, the age of job applicant is required to provide valid identity documents to ensure that applicants are lawfully employable. Besides, the Group conducts regular reviews and inspections to prevent any child labour or forced labour in operation.

During the Year, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations on preventing child labour or forced labour, including but not limited to the Employment of Children Regulations (Chapter 57B of the Laws of Hong Kong) under the Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong).

B5. Supply Chain Management

The Group values mutually beneficial and longstanding relationships with its suppliers. The Group works closely with a number of suppliers in providing services for enabling our media platforms such as the printers for our advertising materials; LCD panel providers and the media system integrators; contractors for the installation and removal of advertising materials, etc. The selection of suppliers is based on criteria such as price, stability of manpower dedicated to the Group, flexibility of delivering advertising materials, customer service team responsiveness, capability and experience, with preference given to potential suppliers that demonstrate their commitment to the environment. The establishment of our in-house printing facilities allowed the Group a better control on the processing time of the advertising materials and gained flexibility on entertaining the requests of the advertisers.

The Group maintains close liaison with its suppliers to monitor its performance to ensure that it is consistent with its service commitment.

B6. Product Responsibilities/Customer Services

The Group has earned trusted relationships with its broad customer base through providing dedicated customer services.

The Group makes every effort to promptly and fairly investigate and resolve all disputes and complaints lodged by customers, according to clearly written internal procedures.

The Group has set up designated channels — including hotline, facsimile and email — for clients to lodge complaints. All complaints received through these channels are diverted to and handled by the head of the department and the management. The hotline numbers and email address are shown on the Group's letterhead, to ensure clients are aware of the communication channels for lodging complaints. Upon receipt of a complaint, the department head and the management will investigate in a timely manner. Senior management shall review the complaint and determine whether internal controls and procedures need to be enhanced or other appropriate action is required to be taken.

The Group places its utmost importance on protecting the privacy of its customers, partners and staff in the collection, processing and use of their personal data. The Group adheres to the applicable data protection regulations and ensures appropriate technical measures are in place to protect personal data against unauthorized use or access. The Group also ensures that customers' personal data is securely kept and processed only for the purposes for which it has been collected. Staff are provided with adequate training in compliance with the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance, to strengthen their knowledge regarding safeguarding of personal data.

The Group builds up and protects its intellectual property rights by prolonged use and registration of domain names and various trademarks. The Group has registered trademarks in various classes in Hong Kong. In addition, the Group's trademarks and domain names are constantly monitored and renewed upon their expiration.

During the Year, there was no violation of the relevant laws governing the confidentiality of data and intellectual property within the Group.

B7. Anti-corruption/Anti-money Laundering

The Group believes that integrity is one of our core values. The staff handbook provides in details of our policies towards anti-corruption, bribery, blackmail, money laundering and other related fraudulent activities as well as preventive measures.

During the Year, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with the laws and regulations pertaining to the prevention of bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering including the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Chapter 201 of the Laws of Hong Kong) enforced by the Independent Commission Against Corruption. No legal case regarding corrupt practices was brought against the Group or its employees and no whistleblowing concerning a criminal offence or misconduct was reported.

B8. Community Investment

The Group is committed to the improvement of community well-being and social services. As a good corporate citizen, the Group strives to improve society through community commitment. We continue to find ways to align citizenship initiatives on our platform and we take an active role in participating in various communities and charitable events in Hong Kong to help and support the local communities.

In recognition of the Group's continuous contribution to the community, the Group had awarded "Caring Company" for twelve consecutive years (2009–2021) by the Hong Kong Council of Social Service.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors of the Company (the "Directors") have pleasure in presenting their annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements (the "Consolidated Financial Statements") of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2021.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding and those of the principal subsidiaries of the Company are set out in note 32 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

SEGMENT INFORMATION

An analysis of the segment results and geographical area of operations of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2021 is set out in note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The business review of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2021 and its future business development as required by Schedule 5 to the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) can be found in the "Management Discussion and Analysis" as set out on pages 6 to 12 of this annual report. These discussions form part of this Directors' Report. Description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group are set out in the section headed "Risk and Uncertainties" below.

The Board has not identified any important events affecting the Group that have occurred since the year ended 31 March 2021 and up to the date of this report.

COMPLIANCE WITH RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

During the year ended 31 March 2021, as far as the Board and management are aware, there was no material breach of or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group that has a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE

A discussion on the Group's environmental policies and performance is set out in the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" on pages 28 to 34 of this annual report.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group's financial condition, results of operations, and business prospects may be affected by a number of risks and uncertainties directly or indirectly pertaining to the Group's businesses. The following are the key risks and uncertainties identified by the Group.

Economic risks

- A sever or prolonged downturn of the global economy;
- Fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rate, inflation and fluctuations of interest rates would adversely affect the customers' spending sentiment and the Group's profit margin; and
- Uncertainty of market demand of recently developed businesses.

Operational risks

- Failure to compete in the competitive environment which the Group operated in;
- Unable to maintain or expand the operations if the license agreements for advertising spaces are terminated or not renewed or if failing to obtain additional spaces;
- Failure to attract, train, retain, and motivate qualified managerial, sales, marketing, operating, and technical personnel, the loss of key personnel, or the inability to find additional qualified personnel; and
- The service agreement was terminated by the principal pursuant to the termination clause of the agreement which the Group is no longer an eligible party to perform its services under the service agreement.

Regulatory risks

- Failure to adhere to laws, regulations and rules, or to obtain or maintain all applicable permits and approvals;
- Infringement of valid patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights held by third parties;
- Any change in laws and regulations in different customers' and suppliers' countries; and
- Any change in laws of foreign countries which the Group has operation and business.

Financial risks

Details of financial risks are set out in note 39 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2021 are set out in the Consolidated Financial Statements on pages 51 to 119 of this annual report.

The Board does not recommend the payment of final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2021 (2020: Nil).

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the published results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 120 of this annual report. The summary does not form part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 28 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

RESERVES

Details of movements in reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and in note 30 to the Consolidated Financial Statements respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 March 2021, the Company had no distribution reserves available for distribution to the shareholders of the Company (2020: Nil).

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31 March 2021, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 23.88% of the total sales for the year and sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to approximately 7.87%.

For the year ended 31 March 2021, purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 44.98% of the total purchases for the year and purchases from the largest supplier included therein amounted to approximately 16.03%.

To the best knowledge of the Directors, none of the Directors, their respective close associates or any shareholders of the Company who owned more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital, had any beneficial interest in any of the Group's five largest customers or suppliers during the year ended 31 March 2021.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment during the year are set out in note 15 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report are:

Executive Directors:

Ms. CHAU Wai Chu Irene (Chairlady and Chief Executive Officer)

Ms. CHEUNG Kit Yi (resigned on 1 July 2020)

Mr. LEAN Chun Wai

Non-Executive Director:

Mr. DA SILVA Antonio Marcus

Independent Non-Executive Directors:

Ms. AU Shui Ming Anna Mr. LIANG Man Kit Jerry Mr. LAM Yau Fung Curt

In accordance with article 84(1) of the Company's articles of association, at each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an annual general meeting at least once every three years. Accordingly, Mr. DA SILVA Antonio Marcus shall retire and, being eligible, offer himself for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting. Ms. AU Shui Ming Anna shall retire and, although being eligible, will not offer herself for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the Executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of three years, subject to the retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting at least once every three years pursuant to the Company's articles of association, and continuing thereafter until terminated by either party by giving not less than three months' notice in writing to the other.

The Non-Executive Director and each of the Independent Non-Executive Directors have entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years, subject to the retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting and at least once every three years pursuant to the Company's articles of association, provided that either the Company or the Non-Executive Director and the Independent Non-Executive Directors may terminate such appointment at any time by giving notice in writing to the other.

None of the Directors has or is proposed to enter into a service contract or letter of appointment with the Company or any of its subsidiaries (other than contracts expiring or determinable by the Group within one year without the payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation)).

INDEPENDENCE FROM INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received annual confirmation of independence from each of its existing Independent Non-Executive Directors pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules and all of them are considered to be independent.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

Pursuant to the Company's articles of association, every Director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities incurred or sustained by him/her about the execution of the duties of his/her office or otherwise in relation thereto. The Company has arranged appropriate Directors' and Officers' liability insurance coverage for the Directors and officers of the Group.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Save as aforesaid, there was no contract of significance to which the Company or its holding company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or an entity connected with a Director had a material interests, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted during or at the end of the year.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The biographical details of the Directors and senior management are disclosed in the section headed "Profile of Directors and Senior Management" on pages 13 to 15 of this annual report.

EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Details of the emoluments of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals of the Group are set out in notes 13(a) and 13(b) to the Consolidated Financial Statements respectively.

RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME

Details of retirement benefit scheme of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2021 are set out in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No management contracts concerning the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

EXEMPTED CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTION

During the year, the Group entered into certain transactions with "related parties" as defined under the applicable accounting standards and the details of the material related party transactions (the "**Transactions**") are disclosed in note 34 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Transactions falls under the definition of "connected transactions" or "continuing connected transactions" under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules, but are fully exempted from shareholders' approval, annual review and all disclosure requirements under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company's share option scheme (the "**Scheme**") was conditionally adopted by resolutions in writing passed by the shareholders of the Company on 19 December 2016. The principal terms of the Scheme were summarized in the sections headed "Share Option Scheme" in Appendix IV to the Prospectus.

The purpose of the Scheme is to enable the Company to grant options to selected participants as incentives or rewards for their contribution to the Group. Pursuant to the Scheme, the Board is authorized, at its absolute discretion and subject to the terms of the Scheme, to grant options to subscribe the Shares to any employees (whether full-time or part-time including any executive director but excluding any non-executive director), non-executive directors, consultants or advisers of the Group, or any substantial shareholder of the Group, or any distributor, contractor, supplier, agent, customer, business partner or service provider of the Group.

The Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of ten years commencing on 19 December 2016, subject to early termination provisions contained in the Scheme.

An option may be accepted by a participant within 21 days from the date of the offer for the grant of options. A nominal consideration of HK\$1 is payable by the grantee of an option to the Company on acceptance of the grant of an option. The subscription price for the Shares under the Scheme shall be a price determined by the Directors, but shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet for trade in one or more board lots of the Shares on the date of the offer for the grant, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations for the five business days immediately preceding the date of the offer for the grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a Share.

The total number of Shares which may be allotted and issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the Shares in issue on the Listing Date, being 72,000,000 Shares. The Company may at any time refresh such limit, subject to the shareholders' approval and issue of a circular in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules, provided that the total number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under all the share option schemes of the Company does not exceed 30% of the Shares in issue from time to time.

The total number of Shares which issued and which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group (including both exercised and outstanding options) to each participant in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the Shares in issue unless approved by the shareholders of the Company and issue of a circular and all other information in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules.

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Scheme at any time during a period to be determined and notified by the Directors to each grantee, which period may commence from the date of the offer for the grant of options is made, but shall end in any event not later than ten years from the date of grant subject to the provisions of early termination thereof.

No share option has been granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the Scheme since its adoption.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

As at 31 March 2021, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the laws of Hong Kong) (the "**SFO**")) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange under Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including any interests or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or as recorded in the register maintained by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the required standard of dealings by directors of listed issuers as referred to in Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules were as follows:

Name of Director	Capacity/Nature of interest	Number and class of securities ⁽¹⁾	Approximate percentage of shareholding interest
Ms. CHAU Wai Chu Irene (" Ms. Chau ")	Beneficial owner	278,640,000 ordinary shares (L)	38.70%
Ms. Chau ⁽²⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation	278,640,000 ordinary shares (L)	38.70%
Mr. DA SILVA Antonio Marcus (" Mr. Da Silva ")	Beneficial owner	93,960,000 ordinary shares (L)	13.05%
Mr. Da Silva ⁽³⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation	93,960,000 ordinary shares (L)	13.05%

Notes:

- (1) The letter "L" denotes the entity/person's long position in ordinary shares of the Company (the "Shares").
- (2) The Company was directly owned as to 38.70% (being 278,640,000 Shares) by Goldcore Global Investments Limited ("Goldcore"). By virtue of her 100% shareholding of Goldcore, Ms. Chau is deemed to be interested in the same number of Shares held by Goldcore.
- (3) The Company was directly owned as to 13.05% (being 93,960,000 Shares) by Silver Pro Investments Limited ("Silver Pro"). By virtue of his 100% shareholding of Silver Pro, Mr. Da Silva is deemed to be interested in the same number of Shares held by Silver Pro.

Long Positions in Shares of Associated Corporation

Name of Director	Name of associated corporation	Capacity/ Nature of interest	Percentage of interest
Ms. Chau	Goldcore	Beneficial owner	100%
Mr. Da Silva	Silver Pro	Beneficial owner	100%

All issued shares in Goldcore are solely owned by Ms. Chau. Accordingly, Ms. Chau is deemed to be interested in all the Shares held by Goldcore by virtue of the SFO.

All issued shares in Silver Pro are solely owned by Mr. Da Silva. The spouse of Mr. Da Silva is Ms. CHU Sau Kuen Jeanny. Accordingly, Mr. Da Silva and Ms. CHU Sau Kuen Jeanny are both deemed to be interested in all the Shares held by Silver Pro by virtue of the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2021, none of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or which were required, pursuant to Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

So far as is known to the Directors, as at 31 March 2021, the following persons/entities had the interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or as recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO as follows:

Name of shareholder	Capacity/Nature of interest	Number and class of securities ⁽¹⁾	Approximate percentage of shareholding interest
Goldcore ⁽²⁾	Beneficial owner	278,640,000 ordinary shares (L)	38.70%
Ms. Chau ⁽²⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation	278,640,000 ordinary shares (L)	38.70%
AL Capital Limited ⁽³⁾ (" AL Capital ")	Beneficial owner	139,968,000 ordinary shares (L)	19.44%
Mr. LAU Anthony Chi Sing ⁽³⁾ (" Mr. Lau ")	Interest in a controlled corporation	139,968,000 ordinary shares (L)	19.44%
Silver Pro ⁽⁴⁾	Beneficial owner	93,960,000 ordinary shares (L)	13.05%
Mr. Da Silva ⁽⁴⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation	93,960,000 ordinary shares (L)	13.05%
Ms. CHU Sau Kuen Jeanny ⁽⁴⁾	Interest of spouse (spouse of Mr. Da Silva)	93,960,000 ordinary shares (L)	13.05%

Notes:

- (1) The letter "L" denotes the entity/person's long position in the Shares.
- (2) All issued shares in Goldcore are solely owned by Ms. Chau. Accordingly, Ms. Chau is deemed to be interested in all the Shares held by Goldcore by virtue of the SFO.
- (3) All issued shares in AL Capital are solely owned by Mr. Lau. Accordingly, Mr. Lau is deemed to be interested in all the Shares held by AL Capital by virtue of the SFO.
- (4) All issued shares in Silver Pro are solely owned by Mr. Da Silva. The spouse of Mr. Da Silva is Ms. CHU Sau Kuen Jeanny. Accordingly, Mr. Da Silva and Ms. CHU Sau Kuen Jeanny are both deemed to be interested in all the Shares held by Silver Pro by virtue of the SFO.

Save as disclosed above and so far as is known to the Directors, as at 31 March 2021, no other interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which were required to be notified to the Company under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

DIRECTOR'S RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures of the Company and Its Associated Corporation" above, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective associates (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules), or were any rights exercised by them; or was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

NON-COMPETE UNDERTAKINGS

As disclosed in the Prospectus, the Controlling Shareholders (as defined in the Prospectus) (collectively, the "Covenantors") have given non-compete undertakings (the "Non-Compete Undertakings") in favor of the Company which are contained in the shareswap agreement dated 30 November 2016. The Covenantors have provided the Group with written confirmation that they and their respective close associates and/or companies controlled by them (other than the Group) have fully complied with the Non-Compete Undertakings throughout the year ended 31 March 2021.

The Independent Non-Executive Directors conduct an annual review on the Covenantors' compliance with the Non-Compete Undertakings by the Controlling Shareholders and if any, the options, pre-emptive rights or first rights of refusals provided by the Controlling Shareholders and/or their respective close associates on their existing or future competing businesses.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Covenantors and their respective close associates did not direct any Restricted Activity (as defined in the Prospectus) to the Group. Hence, the Independent Non-Executive Directors did not conduct any review on the decision made in relation to Restricted Activity.

COMPETING INTERESTS

None of the Directors, the directors of the Company's subsidiaries or controlling shareholders of the Company, or any of its respective close associates (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) had interest in any business that competes or may compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group, or has any other conflict of interests with the Group (other than being a Director and/or a director of its subsidiaries and their respective associates) during the year ended 31 March 2021.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31 March 2021, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for the pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association, or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the date of this report, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the GEM Listing Rules.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Consolidated Financial Statements have been reviewed by the audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee"). The Audit Committee is of the opinion that the Consolidated Financial Statements comply with applicable accounting standards, the GEM Listing Rules and that adequate disclosures have been made.

AUDITOR

There has been no change in auditor in preceding three financial years. The Consolidated Financial Statements have been audited by BDO Limited, who will retire, being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to reappoint BDO Limited as the auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board of

OOH Holdings Limited

CHAU Wai Chu Irene

Chairlady

Hong Kong, 21 June 2021



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TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF OOH HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of OOH Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 51 to 119, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2021, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's "Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants" (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Recognition of advertising display service income

(refer to notes 4.11 on the significant accounting policies and, 6 and 7 to the consolidated financial statements)

The Group's revenue from advertising display services is recognised as described in note 4.11 to the consolidated financial statements.

During the year, the Group recognised revenue from the advertising display services rendered of approximately HK\$46,126,000 in total. As at 31 March 2021, the Group had receipts in advance, representing contract liabilities, of approximately HK\$8,126,000 relating to such services.

We have identified revenue recognition of the advertising display service as a key audit matter because revenue is one of the key performance indicators of the Group and because it involves manual procedures to identify and calculate the amounts of revenue and contract liabilities that should be recognised during the year and at the end of the reporting period respectively, based on the terms of the contracts, giving rise to risks of misstatements for revenue for the year and contract liabilities at the end of the reporting period.

Our Responses

Our procedures in relation to this key audit matter included:

- Reviewing contracts with customers as appropriate;
- Conducting analytical procedures on revenue;
- Scrutinising journals related to revenue;
- Performing test of controls related to revenue; and
- Testing the revenue on sampling basis by (i) checking the accounting records against relevant sales contracts; (ii) tracing sales receipts to relevant supporting information; and (iii) scrutinising the contract lists, as prepared by the Group's management, for the year and subsequent to the end of the reporting period.

Assessment of lease terms and incremental borrowing rates under HKFRS 16 — Leases

(refer to note 4.7 on the significant accounting policies and 16 to the consolidated financial statements)

As at 31 March 2021, the Group has recognised right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of HK\$35,247,000 and HK\$34,205,000 respectively.

We consider this a key audit matter because of the significance of the amounts of the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities to these consolidated financial statements and the measurement of the lease liabilities requires the use of significant judgements and estimates in the assessment of lease terms where the leases contain extension or termination options and in determination of appropriate discount rates.

Our Responses

Our procedures in relation to this key audit matter included:

- understanding the established policies and procedures with respect to the identification and recognition of leases;
- assessing the reasonableness of the data and assumptions adopted by management to determine the discount rates based on the length of lease terms and our knowledge of the business;
- re-performing the calculation of the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities on a sample basis, testing the accuracy of the data used in the calculation compared to the associated contracts and other relevant documentation, and assessing the reasonableness of management's judgements and assumptions adopted when determining the length of the lease term where the lease contains extension or termination options or was modified; and
- assessing the disclosures in the consolidated financial statements in respect of leases.

OTHER INFORMATION IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process. The Audit Committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibility in this regard.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and
 whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair
 presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine the matter that was of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and is therefore the key audit matter. We describe this matter in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

BDO Limited
Certified Public Accountants
Chiu Wing Cheung Ringo
Practising Certificate Number P04434

Hong Kong, 21 June 2021

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		2021	2020
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Revenue	6,7	47,197	56,755
Cost of sales		(32,112)	(41,115)
Gross profit	_	15,085	15,640
Other income and gains, net	8	2,257	3,477
Selling expenses		(5,676)	(8,401)
Administrative expenses		(14,618)	(14,727)
Other operating expenses		(900)	_
Finance costs	9	(1,216)	(1,731)
Loss before income tax expense	10	(5,068)	(5,742)
Income tax expense	11	(52)	(135)
		(5.420)	(5.077)
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year		(5,120)	(5,877)
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		(4,692)	(5,687)
Non-controlling interests		(428)	(190)
- Non controlling interests		(420)	(130)
		(5,120)	(5,877)
		,	,
		HK cents	HK cents
Loss per share for loss attributable to owners of the Company			
Basic and diluted	14	(0.65)	(0.79)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 March 2021

	2021		2020	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES				
Non-current assets				
Property, plant and equipment	15	3,147	2,491	
Right-of-use assets	16	35,247	37,466	
Intangible assets	17	2,726	3,477	
		41,120	43,434	
Current assets				
Inventories	20	3,151	46	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	21	7,154	-	
Trade receivables	22	3,740	4,099	
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	23	2,894	2,394	
Tax recoverable	23	150	151	
Cash and bank balances	24	38,858	54,944	
		55,947	61,634	
Current liabilities				
Trade payables	25	337	456	
Accruals and other payables	26	1,644	1,725	
Contract liabilities	27	8,126	9,045	
Lease liabilities	16	14,906	18,107	
Amount due to an associate	19	_	47	
Tax payables		18	164	
		25,031	29,544	
		25,051	25,544	
Net current assets		30,916	32,090	
Total assets less current liabilities		72,036	75,524	
Non-current liability				
Lease liabilities	16	19,299	17,651	
		19,299	17,651	
		.5,255	. , , , 5 , 1	
Net assets		52,737	57,873	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 March 2021

No	otes	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company			
Share capital	28	7,200	7,200
Reserves 3	30	45,851	50,543
		53,051	57,743
Non-controlling interests	33	(314)	130
Total equity		52,737	57,873

On behalf of the board of directors

Ms. Chau Wai Chu Irene
Director

Mr. Lean Chun Wai

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

		Attributable :	to owners of the	e Company			
	Share capital (note 28) HK\$'000	Share premium* (note 30(a)) HK\$'000	Other reserve* (note 30(b)) HK\$'000	Retained earnings*	Total	Non- controlling interests HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
At 1 April 2019	7,200	35,371	(90)	20,949	63,430	500	63,930
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year Dividends declared by a subsidiary	- -	- -	- -	(5,687) –	(5,687)	(190) (180)	(5,877) (180)
At 31 March and 1 April 2020	7,200	35,371	(90)	15,262	57,743	130	57,873
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year Disposal of a subsidiary (note 36)	- -	- -	- -	(4,692) -	(4,692) –	(428) (16)	(5,120) (16)
At 31 March 2021	7,200	35,371	(90)	10,570	53,051	(314)	52,737

^{*} The total of these accounts represents "Reserves" in the consolidated statement of financial position.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Notes	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Loss before income tax expense		(5,068)	(5,742)
Adjustments for:			
Amortisation of intangible assets	17	157	91
Bad debt written off	10	_	12
Bank interest income	8	(212)	(386)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	15	833	563
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	16	21,245	20,882
Gain on modification of leases	8	(266)	(19)
(Gain)/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	8	(3)	105
Impairment of goodwill	18	_	39
Impairment of intangible assets	17	594	_
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	15	306	_
Interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	8	(36)	_
Interest on lease liabilities	9	1,216	1,731
Provision of impairment of trade receivables	22	_	307
Write off of temporary receipts		-	(2,081)
Operating profit before working capital changes		18,766	15,502
Decrease in trade receivables		359	1,143
(Increase)/Decrease in deposits, prepayments and other receivables		(564)	810
Increase in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(7,154)	_
Increase in inventories		(3,105)	(46)
Decrease in trade payables		(119)	(385)
Increase/(Decrease) in accruals and other payables		484	(575)
Decrease in contract liabilities		(919)	(3,033)
Decrease in amount due to an associate		(47)	(10)
Cash generated from operations		7,701	13,406
Income tax (paid)/refunded		(197)	565
		(137)	
Net cash generated from operating activities		7,504	13,971

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	2021	2020
Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment 15	(2,144)	(1,824)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	352	192
Disposal of a subsidiary, net of cash 36	(517)	-
Decrease in pledged bank deposits	-	1,029
(Increase)/Decrease in fixed deposits with original		
maturity of over three months	(10,137)	605
Interest received	248	386
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities	(12,198)	388
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayments of principal portion of lease liabilities 16	(20,313)	(19,410)
Interests paid on lease liabilities 16	(1,216)	(1,731)
Net cash used in financing activities	(21,529)	(21,141)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(26,223)	(6,782)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	54,944	61,726
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year 24	28,721	54,944

For the year ended 31 March 2021

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

OOH Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 28 June 2016 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as revised and consolidated) of the Cayman Islands and its shares had been listed on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") since 5 January 2017 ("Listing Date"). The address of its registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands and its principal place of business is Suite A5, 9/F, Jumbo Industrial Building, 189 Wai Yip Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

The principal activity of the Company (together with its subsidiaries as the "Group") is investment holding. The Group is principally engaged in the provision of advertising display services. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 March 2021, the directors of the Company consider Goldcore Global Investments Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands ("BVI") with limited liability as the immediate and ultimate holding company.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021 were approved for issue by the board of directors on 21 June 2021.

2. ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(a) Adoption of new or amended HKFRSs — effective from 1 April 2020

In the current year, the Group has applied for the first time the following new or amended HKFRSs, issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"), which are relevant and effective for the Group's consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning on 1 April 2020:

Amendments to HKFRS 3 D
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8 D
Amendments to HKAS 39, HKFRS 7 and HKFRS 9 Ir

Definition of a Business
Definition of Material
Interest Rate Benchmark Reform

None of these new or amended HKFRSs has a material impact on the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior period. The Group has not early applied any new or amended HKFRSs that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

2. ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

The following new or amended HKFRSs, potentially relevant to the Group's consolidated financial statements, have been issued, but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group. The Group's current intention is to apply these changes on the date they become effective.

Amendments to HKAS 1

Amendments to HKAS 16

Amendments to HKAS 37

Amendments to HKFRS 3

Amendments to HKAS 39, HKFRS 4, HKFRS 7,

HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 16

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2

Amendments to HKAS 8

Amendments to HKAS 12

Amendments to HKFRS 16

Amendments to HKFRS 16

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018–2020

Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current⁶

Proceeds before Intended Use⁴

Onerous Contracts — Cost of Fulfilling a Contract⁴

Reference to the Conceptual Framework⁵

Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 22

Disclosure of Accounting Policies⁶
Definition of Accounting Estimates⁶
Recognition of Deferred Tax Liabilities and

Deferred Tax Assets⁶

Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions¹

Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021³

Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 164

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022
- ⁵ Effective for business combinations for which the date of acquisition is on or after the beginning of the first annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2022
- ⁶ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023

Amendments to HKAS 1 — Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

The amendments clarify that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current is based on rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period, specify that classification is unaffected by expectations about whether an entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of a liability and explain that rights are in existence if covenants are complied with at the end of the reporting period. The amendments also introduce a definition of 'settlement' to make clear that settlement refers to the transfer to the counterparty of cash, equity instruments, other assets or services.

Amendments to HKAS 16 — Proceeds before Intended Use

The amendments prohibit deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, the proceeds from selling such items, and the cost of producing those items, is recognised in profit or loss.

Amendments to HKAS 37 — Onerous Contracts — Cost of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (e.g. direct labour and materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts (e.g. the allocation of the depreciation charge for an item of property, plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract).

For the year ended 31 March 2021

2. ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 3 — Reference to the Conceptual Framework

The amendments update HKFRS 3 so that it refers to the revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2018 instead of the version issued in 2010. The amendments add to HKFRS 3 a requirement that, for obligations within the scope of HKAS 37, an acquirer applies HKAS 37 to determine whether at the acquisition date a present obligation exists as a result of past events. For a levy that would be within the scope of HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 Levies, the acquirer applies HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 to determine whether the obligating event that gives rise to a liability to pay the levy has occurred by the acquisition date. The amendments also add an explicit statement that an acquirer does not recognise contingent assets acquired in a business combination.

Amendments to HKAS 39, HKFRS 4, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 16 — Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 2

The amendments address issues that might affect financial reporting when a company replaces the old interest rate benchmark with an alternative benchmark rate as a result of the interest rate benchmark reform (the "Reform"). The amendments complement those issued in November 2019 and relate to (a) changes to contractual cash flows in which an entity will not have to derecognise or adjust the carrying amount of financial instruments for changes required by the Reform, but will instead update the effective interest rate to reflect the change to the alternative benchmark rate; (b) hedge accounting in which an entity will not have to discontinue its hedge accounting solely because it makes changes required by the Reform, if the hedge meets other hedge accounting criteria; and (c) disclosures in which an entity will be required to disclose information about new risks arising from the Reform and how it manages the transition to alternative benchmark rates.

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 — Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The key amendments to HKAS 1 include:

- Requiring companies to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies;
- Clarifying that accounting policies related to immaterial transactions, other events or conditions are themselves immaterial and as such need not be disclosed; and
- Clarifying that not all accounting policies that relate to material transactions, other events or conditions are themselves material to a company's financial statements.

Amended HKFRS Practice Statement 2 includes guidance and two additional examples on the application of materiality to accounting policy disclosures.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

2. ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 8 — Definition of Accounting Estimates

The amendments introduce a new definition for accounting estimates: clarifying that they are monetary amounts in the financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty.

The amendments also clarify the relationship between accounting policies and accounting estimates by specifying that a company develops an accounting estimate to achieve the objective set out by an accounting policy.

Amendments to HKAS 12 — Recognition of Deferred Tax Liabilities and Deferred Tax Assets

The amendments narrow the scope of the recognition exemption in paragraphs 15 and 24 of HKAS 12 (recognition exemption) so that it no longer applies to transactions that, on initial recognition, give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

Amendments to HKFRS 16 — COVID-19 — Related Rent Concessions

Amendments to HKFRS 16 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020 with earlier application permitted and shall be applied retrospectively. The amendment provides a practical expedient to lessees in accounting for rent concessions arising as a result of the Covid-19 pandemic, by including an additional practical expedient in HKFRS 16 that permits entities to elect not to account for rent concessions as modifications. The practical expedient applies only to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of Covid-19 pandemic and only if all of the following criteria are satisfied:

- (a) the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- (b) the reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021; and
- (c) there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

Rent concessions that satisfy these criteria may be accounted for in accordance with this practical expedient, which means the lessee does not need to assess whether the rent concession meets the definition of lease modification. Lessees shall apply other requirements of HKFRS 16 in accounting for rent concessions.

Amendment to HKFRS 16 — COVID-19 — Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021

The amendment extends the practical expedient available to lessees in accounting for COVID-19-related rent concessions by one year. The reduction in lease payments could only affect payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021 is extended to 30 June 2022.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

2. ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018–2020 — Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 16

The annual improvements amends a number of standards, including:

- HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments, which clarify the fees included in the '10 per cent' test in paragraph B3.3.6 of
 HKFRS 9 in assessing whether to derecognise a financial liability, explaining that only fees paid or received
 between the entity and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the entity or the lender on other's
 behalf are included.
- HKFRS 16 Leases, which amend Illustrative Example 13 to remove the illustration of reimbursement of leasehold improvements by the lessor in order to resolve any potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives that might arise because of how lease incentives are illustrated in that example.

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments is expected to be in the period of initial application and is not yet in a position to state whether these amendments will result in material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

3.1 Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "HKFRS") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange ("GEM Listing Rules").

3.2 Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under historical cost basis except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss which are measured at fair values as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

3.3 Foreign currency translation

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong Dollars ("HK\$"), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company.

Transactions entered into by group entities in currencies other than the currency of the primary economic environment in which they operate (the "functional currency") are recorded at the rates ruling when the transactions occur. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the end of reporting period.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

On consolidation, income and expense items of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the rates approximating to those ruling when the transactions took place are used. All assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated at the rate ruling at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as foreign exchange reserve (attributed to minority interests as appropriate). Exchange differences recognised in profit or loss of group entities' separate financial statements on the translation of long-term monetary items forming part of the Group's net investment in the foreign operation concerned are reclassified to other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as foreign exchange reserve.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative exchange differences recognised in the foreign exchange reserve relating to that operation up to the date of disposal are reclassified to profit or loss as part of the profit or loss on disposal.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on an acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of that foreign operation and translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in the foreign exchange reserve.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Group. Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies together with unrealised profits are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment on the asset transferred, in which case the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the dates of acquisition or up to the dates of disposal, as appropriate. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

Acquisition of subsidiaries or businesses is accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the acquisition-date fair value of assets transferred, liabilities incurred and equity interests issued by the Group, as the acquirer. The identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are principally measured at acquisition-date fair value. The Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured at acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss. The Group may elect, on a transaction-by-transaction basis, to measure non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests are measured at fair value unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRSs. Acquisition-related costs incurred are expensed unless they are incurred in issuing equity instruments in which case the costs are deducted from equity.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interest. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are accounted for in the same manner as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.

Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus such non-controlling interest's share of subsequent changes in equity. Total comprehensive income is attributed to such non-controlling interests even if this results in those non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.2 Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an investee over which the Company is able to exercise control. The Company controls an investee if all three of the following elements are present: power over the investee, exposure, or rights, to variable returns from the investee, and the ability to use its power to affect those variable returns. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

In the Company's statement of financial position, interest in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. The result of subsidiary is accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

4.3 Associate

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint arrangement. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but not control or joint control over those policies.

Associate is accounted for using the equity method whereby it is initially recognised at cost and thereafter, its carrying amount are adjusted for the Group's share of the post-acquisition change in the associate's net assets except that losses in excess of the Group's interest in the associate are not recognised unless there is an obligation to make good those losses.

Any premium paid for an associate above the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is capitalised and included in the carrying amount of the associate. Where there is objective evidence that the investment in an associate has been impaired, the carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment in the same way as other non-financial assets.

4.4 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The cost of property, plant and equipment includes its purchase price and the costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other costs, such as repairs and maintenance, are recognised as an expense in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.4 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated so as to write off their cost over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of the reporting period. The useful lives are as follows:

Display monitors and devices 5 years
Furniture and fixtures 5 years
Motor vehicles 5 years

Leasehold improvements Shorter of 5 years or over unexpired leases term

An asset is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if its carrying amount is higher than the asset's estimated recoverable amount.

Gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sale proceeds and its carrying amount, and is recognised in profit or loss on disposal.

4.5 Goodwill

Where the fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities exceed the aggregate of the fair value of consideration paid, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree, the excess is recognised in profit or loss on the acquisition date, after re-assessment.

Goodwill is measured at cost less impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill arising from an acquisition is allocated to each of the relevant cash-generating units ("CGU") that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition. A CGU is the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. A CGU to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, by comparing its carrying amount with its recoverable amount (see note 4.14), and whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired.

For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a financial year, the CGU to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that financial year. When the recoverable amount of the CGU is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit first, and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount to each asset in the unit. However, the loss allocated to each asset will not reduce the individual asset's carrying amount to below its fair value less cost of disposal (if measurable) or its value in use (if determinable), whichever is the higher. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised in profit or loss and is not reversed in subsequent periods.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.6 Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognised at cost. Subsequently, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Amortisation is provided on a straight-line basis over the useful life of the intangible asset with finite useful life below. The amortisation expense is recognised in profit or loss and included in administrative expenses.

License right 9 years

The license right has been extended for three more years from original 6 years to 9 years during the year (note 17(b)).

Club membership with indefinite life is carried at cost less any subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Impairment

Intangible assets with finite lives are tested for impairment when there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually, irrespective of whether there is any indication that they may be impaired. Intangible assets are tested for impairment by comparing their carrying amounts with their recoverable amounts.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount.

An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

4.7 Leasing

Accounting as a lessee

All leases (irrespective of they are operating leases or finance leases) are required to be capitalised in the consolidated statement of financial position as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, but accounting policy choices exist for an entity to choose not to capitalise (i) leases which are short-term leases and/or (ii) leases for which the underlying asset is of low-value. The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for low-value assets and leases for which at the commencement date have a lease term less than 12 months. The lease payments associated with those leases have been expensed on straight-line basis over the lease term.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.7 Leasing (Continued)

Accounting as a lessee (Continued)

Right-of-use asset

The right-of-use asset is initially recognised at cost and would comprise: (i) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability (see below for the accounting policy to account for lease liability); (ii) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received; (iii) any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and (iv) an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

Subsequent to the commencement date, under the cost model, the Group measures the right-to-use at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liability. Unless the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the lease asset at the end of the lease term, the recognised right-of-use assets are depreciated on straight-line basis over the shorter of useful lives and lease term.

Lease liability

The lease liability is recognised at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the date of commencement of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses the Group's incremental borrowing rate

The following payments for the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease are considered to be lease payments: (i) fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable; (ii) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at commencement date; (iii) amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees; (iv) the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and (v) payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease.

Subsequent to the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability by: (i) increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability; (ii) reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made; and (iii) remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications, or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments.

When the Group revises its estimate of the term of any lease, (because, for example, it re-assesses the probability of a lessee extension or termination option being exercised), it adjusts the carrying amount of the lease liability to reflect the payments to make over the revised term, which are discounted using a revised discount rate. The carrying value of lease liabilities is similarly revised when the variable element of future lease payments dependent on a rate or index is revised, except the discount rate remains unchanged. In both cases, an equivalent adjustment is made to the carrying value of the right-of-use asset, with the revised carrying amount being amortised over the remaining (revised) lease term. If the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is adjusted to zero, any further reduction is recognised in profit or loss.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.7 Leasing (Continued)

Accounting as a lessee (Continued)

Lease liability (Continued)

When the Group renegotiates the contractual terms of a lease with the lessor, if the renegotiation results in one or more additional assets being leased for an amount commensurate with the standalone price for the additional rights-of-use obtained, the modification is accounted for as a separate lease, in all other cases, where the renegotiated increases the scope of the lease (whether that is an extension to the lease term, or one or more additional assets being leased), the lease liability is remeasured using the discount rate applicable on the modification date, with the right-of-use asset being adjusted by the same amount. If the renegotiation results in a decrease in the scope of the lease, both the carrying amount of the lease liability and right-of-use asset are reduced by the same proportion to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease with any difference recognised in profit or loss. The lease liability is then further adjusted to ensure its carrying amount reflects the amount of the renegotiated payments over the renegotiated term, with the modified lease payments discounted at the rate applicable on the modification date and the right-of-use asset is adjusted by the same amount.

4.8 Financial instruments

(i) Financial assets

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are two measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.8 Financial instruments (Continued)

(i) Financial assets (Continued)

Debt instruments (Continued)

Fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"): Financial assets at FVTPL include financial assets held for trading. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at FVTPL, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at FVTPL on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Impairment loss on financial assets

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit loss ("ECLs") on trade receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost. ECLs are measured on either of the following bases: (1) 12-months ECLs: these are ECLs that result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and (2) lifetime ECLs: these are ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the assets' original effective interest rate.

The Group has elected to measure loss allowances for trade receivables using HKFRS 9 simplified approach and has calculated ECLs based on lifetime ECLs. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For other debt financial assets, ECLs are based on the 12-months ECLs. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECLs.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.8 Financial instruments (Continued)

(i) Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment loss on financial assets (Continued)

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial assets has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due unless reasonable and supportable information demonstrate the otherwise.

The Group considers a financial asset to be credit-impaired when: (1) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (2) the financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless reasonable and supportable information demonstrate the otherwise.

The Group considers default occur when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless reasonable and supportable information suggested the otherwise.

The Group directly reduces the gross carrying amount of a financial asset when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof.

Interest income on credit-impaired financial assets is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset. For non-credit-impaired financial assets interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount.

(ii) Financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities, depending on the purpose for which the liabilities were incurred. Financial liabilities at amortised costs are initially measured at fair value, net of directly attributable costs incurred.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities at amortised cost including trade payables, accruals and other payables, amount due to an associate and lease liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

(iii) Effective interest method

This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. Effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.8 Financial instruments (Continued)

(iv) Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the future cash flows in relation to the financial asset expire or when the financial asset has been transferred and the transfer meets the criteria for derecognition in accordance with HKFRS 9.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

(v) Equity instruments

Shares issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue cost.

4.9 Inventories

Inventories are initially recognised at cost, and subsequently at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is calculated using the first-in first out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

4.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents represent cash at bank and in hand, demand deposits with banks and short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

4.11 Revenue and other income recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customer, or the lessee has the right to use the asset, at an amount that reflects consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, in exchange for those goods or services excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Depending on the terms of the contract and the laws that apply to the contract, control of the goods or services may be transferred over time or at a point in time. Control of the goods or services is transferred over time if the Group's performance:

- provides all of the benefits received and consumed simultaneously by the customer;
- creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.11 Revenue and other income recognition (Continued)

If control of the goods or services transfers over time, revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the goods or services.

Advertising display services

Revenue from advertising display services is recognised on a straight-line basis over the performance period for which the advertisements are displayed.

Some of the Group's advertising display contracts provide customers a volume rebate if the customer hit the sales volume hurdles and settled all the invoices due within the contract period. The volume rebates give rise to variable consideration. The Group applies the most likely amount method to estimate the variable consideration. A refund liability would be recognised based on the estimate of the most likely amount to be paid to customer's volume-based rebate. In the comparative period, the Group estimated the most likely amount of volume rebates and recognised it as a reduction of revenue as the sales are recognised. A provision of rebate will be recognised in trade and other payables, if any.

Esports event management services

Esports event management services income is recognised over time over the contract period as the Group has determined that the customers simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits of the Group's performance.

Sales of food and beverage products

Revenue from sales of food and beverage products is recognised at the point in time when control of the goods has been transferred when the products are accepted by the customers. The customers have full discretion over the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect customer's acceptance of the products.

Interest income

Interest income is accrued on a time basis on the principal outstanding at the applicable interest rate.

Contract liabilities

Upon entering into a contract with a customer, the Group obtains right to receive consideration from the customer and assumes performance obligations to transfer goods or provide services to the customer. The combination of those rights and performance obligations give rise to a net asset or a net liability depending on the relationship between the remaining rights and the performance obligations. Contract liabilities are recognised for services to be provided to customers represented by the excess of consideration received from the customers according to agreed customer billing schedules over cumulative revenue recognised.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.12 Income taxes

Income taxes for the year comprise current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax is based on the profit or loss from ordinary activities adjusted for items that are non-assessable or disallowable for income tax purposes and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for tax purposes. Except for recognised assets and liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profits, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates appropriate to the expected manner in which the carrying amount of the asset or liability is realised or settled and that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries except where the Group is able to temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Income taxes are recognised in profit or loss except when they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income in which case the taxes are also recognised in other comprehensive income or when they relate to items recognised directly in equity in which case the taxes are also recognised directly in equity.

4.13 Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits

Short term employee benefits are employee benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Short term employee benefits are recognised in the year when the employees render the related service.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.13 Employee benefits (Continued)

(ii) Defined contribution retirement plan

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity.

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions after payment of the fixed contribution. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries to the maximum mandatory contribution as required by the MPF Scheme. Liabilities and assets may be recognised if underpayment or prepayment has occurred and are included in current liabilities or current assets, respectively, as they are normally of a short-term nature. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

Contributions to the defined contribution retirement plan are recognised as an expense in profit or loss in the period when the services are rendered by the employees.

4.14 Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of the property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and right-of-use assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased.

If the recoverable amount (i.e. the greater of the fair value less costs of disposal and value in use) of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset or CGU, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.15 Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, which it is probable will result in an outflow of economic benefits that can be reliably estimated.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, the existence of which will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

4.16 Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable and are recognised as other revenue, rather than reducing the related expense.

4.17 Related parties

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of key management personnel of the Group or the Company's parent.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.17 Related parties (Continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions apply:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Company's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (i) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (iii) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

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5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgement, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

In addition to information disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, other key sources of estimation uncertainty that have significant risks of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within next financial year are as follows:

(i) Impairment of trade and other receivables

The Group determines the provision for impairment of trade and other receivables based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The provision matrix is determined based on the Group's historical observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables with similar credit risk characteristics and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. ECLs of other receivables is based on the 12-month ECLs. In making the judgement, management considers available reasonable and supportable forward-looking information such as actual or expected significant adverse changes in business and customers' financial position. At every reporting date the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed by the management.

(ii) Principal versus agent considerations

Determination of whether the Group is acting as a principal or as an agent in the provision of advertising display services and esports event management services requires judgements and considerations of all relevant facts and circumstances. The Group is a principal in a transaction if the Group obtains control of services provided before they are transferred to customers. Indicators that the Group controls the specified service before it is transferred to the customer include, but are not limited to the following: (a) the Group is primarily responsible for fulfilling the promise to provide the specified service; (b) the Group has inventory risk before the specified service has been transferred to a customer or after transfer of control to the customer; and (c) the Group has discretion in establishing the price for the specified service. If control is unclear, when the Group is primarily obligated in a transaction, and has latitude in establishing prices and deciding how the services are performed, or has several but not all of these indicators, the Group records revenues on a gross basis. Otherwise, the Group records the net amount earned as commissions from services provided. For the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020, all revenue was recognised on gross basis as the Group has acted as a principal in relation to the services provided.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(iii) Determination of lease term and incremental borrowing rates of lease contracts

In determining the lease term at the commencement date for leases that include renewal options or early termination options exercisable by the Group, the Group exercises judgement to evaluate the likelihood of exercising the renewal options or early termination options taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances that create economic incentive for the Group to exercise the option, including favourable terms, leasehold improvements undertaken, penalties for early termination and the importance of that underlying asset to the Group's operation. Any changes in the lease term would affect the amount of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities recognised in future years. The Group also exercises judgement to determine whether there is a significant event or change in circumstance that is within the Group's control that would require the lease term to be reassessed.

In determining incremental borrowing rates of lease contracts, the Group applies judgement to determine the applicable rates, taking into account the nature of the underlying assets, the terms and condition of the leases, creditworthiness of the relevant group entities and economic environment, at both the commencement date and the effective date of the modification to calculate the present value of lease payments. The incremental borrowing rates of the Group applied significantly affect the amounts of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets recognised.

(iv) Impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are tested for impairment when indicators exist. Where an impairment indicator exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined based on value-in-use calculations prepared on the basis of management's assumptions and estimates about future events, which are subject to uncertainty and might materially differ from the actual results. In making these key estimates and judgements, the Group takes into consideration assumptions that are mainly based on market condition existing at the end of the reporting period and appropriate market and discount rates.

During the year, impairment losses have been recognised on certain property, plant and equipment and intangible asset which are belonged to the segment for the sales of food and beverage products, which is identified as a CGU for the purpose of impairment assessment.

Further information on the impairment assessment on this CGU are provided in notes 15 and 17.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(v) Net realisable value of inventories

The Group's management reviews the inventory aging analysis periodically, and makes allowance for obsolete and slow-moving inventory items identified that are no longer suitable for sales. The assessment of the provision amount required involves management judgements and estimates. Where the actual outcome or expectation in future is different from the original estimate, such difference will have an impact on the carrying value of the inventories and provision charge/ write-back in the period in which estimate has been changed. During the year, no impairment has been made on inventories based on management assessment.

(vi) Fair value measurement

Certain financial assets included in the Group's financial statements require measurement at, and/or disclosure of, fair value. The fair value measurement of the Group's financial assets utilises market observable inputs and data as far as possible. Inputs used in determining fair value measurements are categorised into different levels based on how observable the inputs used in the valuation technique utilised are (the 'fair value hierarchy'):

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical items (unadjusted);

Level 2: Observable direct or indirect inputs other than Level 1 inputs; and

Level 3: Unobservable inputs (i.e. not derived from market data).

The classification of an item into the above levels is based on the lowest level of the inputs used that has a significant effect on the fair value measurement of the item. Transfers of items between levels are recognised in the period as they occur.

For more detailed information in relation to the fair value measurement of the item above, please refer to the applicable notes.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

An operating segment is a component of the Group that is engaged in business activities from which the Group may earn revenue and incur expenses, and is defined on the basis of the internal management reporting information that is provided to and regularly reviewed by the executive directors in order to allocate resources and assess performance of the segment.

The executive directors considered the business from the perspective of advertising platforms available, and determined that the Group has the following reportable operating segments:

- Provision of advertising display services over the transportation media platforms ("Transportation Business");
- Provision of advertising display services over the healthcare media platforms ("Healthcare Business");
- Provision of advertising display services over the digital and online media platforms ("Digital Media Business");
- Provision of advertising display services over the self-pickup lockers platforms ("Logistic Advertising Business"); and
- Sales of Mizimamei branded food and beverage products in Hong Kong ("Food and Beverage Business").

Reportable segment for the provision of esports event management services ("Digital Event Management Business") had been ceased since June 2019. This segment was disposed of during the year.

Segment revenue and results

Segment revenue below represents revenue from external customers. There was no inter-segment revenue during the year. The chief operating decision makers assess the performance of the operating segments mainly based on revenue and gross profit of each operating segment. Corporate and other unallocated expenses include selling expenses, administrative expenses and other expenses which are common costs incurred for the operating segments as a whole and therefore they are not included in the measure of the segments' performance that is used by the chief operating decision makers as a basis for the allocation of resources and assessment of segment performance. Other income and gains, net, finance costs and income tax expense are also not allocated to individual operating segment.

There were no segment assets and liabilities information provided to the chief operating decision makers.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

Segment revenue and results (Continued)

The segment revenue and results, and the totals presented for the Group's operating segments reconciled to the Group's key financial figures as presented in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

	Transportation Business HK\$'000	Healthcare Business HK\$'000	Digital Media Business HK\$'000	Logistic Advertising Business HK\$'000	Food and Beverage Business HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Year ended 31 March 2021 Revenue						
 From external customers 	45,428	542	-	156	1,071	47,197
Cost of sales	(30,236)	(161)	-	(67)	(1,648)	(32,112)
Gross profit/(loss)	15,192	381	_	89	(577)	15,085
Unallocated other income and gains, net Corporate and other unallocated						2,257
expenses						(21,194)
Finance costs					_	(1,216)
Loss before income tax expense						(5,068)

For the year ended 31 March 2021

6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

Segment revenue and results (Continued)

	Transportation Business HK\$'000	Healthcare Business HK\$'000	Digital Media Business HK\$'000	Logistic Advertising Business HK\$'000	Digital Event Management Business HK\$'000	Food and Beverage Business HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Year ended 31 March 2020							
Revenue							
— From external customers	49,000	800	3,844	344	2,391	376	56,755
Cost of sales	(34,284)	(251)	(3,329)	(196)	(2,083)	(972)	(41,115)
Gross profit/(loss)	14,716	549	515	148	308	(596)	15,640
Unallocated other income and							
gains, net							3,477
Corporate and other unallocated							
expenses							(23,128)
Finance costs						_	(1,731)
Loss before income tax expense							(5,742)

For the year ended 31 March 2021

6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

Disaggregation of revenue

In the following table, revenue is disaggregated by primary geographical markets, major platforms and service lines and timing of revenue recognition.

	Transportation Business HK\$'000	Healthcare Business HKS'000	Digital Media Business HK\$'000	Logistic Advertising Business HK\$'000	Food and Beverage Business HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Year ended 31 March 2021						
Primary geographical markets Hong Kong (place of domicile)	45,428	542	_	156	1,071	47,197
——————————————————————————————————————	45,426			130	1,071	47,137
Major services lines Advertising display services						
— Minibus	43,829	_	-	-	-	43,829
— Taxi	1,303	-	-	-	-	1,303
— Others	296	-	-	-	-	296
— Hospitals and clinics	-	542	-	-	-	542
— Self-pickup lockers	-	_	-	156	_	156
	45,428	542	-	156	-	46,126
Food and beverage services	-	_	-		1,071	1,071
	45,428	542	-	156	1,071	47,197
Timing of revenue recognition						
Transferred over time	45,428	542	-	156	-	46,126
At a point in time	-	-	-	-	1,071	1,071
	45,428	542	-	156	1,071	47,197

For the year ended 31 March 2021

6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

Disaggregation of revenue (Continued)

	HK\$'000						
Year ended 31 March 2020							
Primary geographical markets							
Hong Kong (place of domicile)	49,000	800	3,844	344	475	376	54,839
Taiwan	_	-	_	_	1,916	-	1,916
	49,000	800	3,844	344	2,391	376	56,755
Major services lines							
Advertising display services							
— Minibus	47,432	_	_	_	_	_	47,432
— Taxi	865	_	_	_	_	_	865
— Others	703	_	_	_	_	_	703
— Hospitals and clinics	_	800	_	_	_	_	800
— Digital and online media	_	_	3,844	_	_	_	3,844
— Self-pickup lockers	-	_		344		_	344
	40.000						
	49,000	800	3,844	344	-	-	53,988
Esports event management services	_	-	-	-	2,391	-	2,391
Food and beverage services			_	_		376	376
	49,000	800	3,844	344	2,391	376	56,755
Timing of revenue recognition							
Transferred over time	49,000	800	3,844	344	2,391	_	56,379
At a point in time	-	_				376	376
	40,000	800	2 944	344	2 201	376	E6 7FF
	49,000	800	3,844	544	2,391	3/0	56,755

For the year ended 31 March 2021

6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

Geographical information

The Company is an investment holding company and the principal place of the Group's operation is in Hong Kong. For the purpose of segment information disclosures under HKFRS 8, the Group regarded Hong Kong as its place of domicile.

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's revenue from external customers and non-current assets other than financial asset ("Specified non-current assets").

	Revenue from external customers		Specified non-current assets					
	2021 2020		2021		2021 2020		2021	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000				
Hong Kong (place of domicile)	47,197	54,839	41,120	43,434				
Taiwan	-	1,916	-	_				
	47,197	56,755	41,120	43,434				

Information about major customers

No single customer contributed to 10% or more of the Group's revenue during the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

7. REVENUE

Revenue is derived from provision of advertising display services and sales of food and beverage products during the year. Further details are disclosed in note 6.

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Sales of food and beverage products Provision of services	1,071 46,126	376 56,379
	47,197	56,755

The following table provides information about trade receivables and contract liabilities from contracts with customers.

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Trade receivables (note 22)	3,740	4,099
Contract liabilities (note 27)	8,126	9,045

Contract liabilities mainly relate to the advance payments received from customers.

As at 31 March 2021, the aggregated amount of the transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations under the Group's existing contracts is HK\$8,126,000 (2020: HK\$9,045,000). This amount represents revenue expected to be recognised in the future from partially-completed advertising display service contracts. The Group will recognise the expected revenue in future when or as the work is completed, which is expected to occur in the next 12 months.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

8. OTHER INCOME AND GAINS, NET

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Bank interest income	212	386
Interest income from financial assets at FVTPL	36	_
Exchange gain/(loss), net	198	(178)
Gain on modification of leases (note 16)	266	19
Government grants (Note)	1,421	_
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	3	_
Others	121	3,250
	2,257	3,477

Note: The balance mainly comprises of government grants of HK\$1,341,000 (2020: Nil) obtained from Employment Support Scheme ("ESS") under the Anti-epidemic Fund launched by the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Government supporting the payroll of the Group's employees. Under the ESS, the Group had to commit to spend these grants on payroll expenses, and not reduce employee head count below prescribed levels for a specified period of time. The remaining government grant of HK\$80,000 was obtained from Food License Holders Subsidy Scheme under Anti-epidemic Fund launched by Food and Environmental Hygiene Department. The Group does not have other unfulfilled obligations relating to these programs.

9. FINANCE COSTS

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Interest on lease liabilities (note 16)	1,216	1,731

For the year ended 31 March 2021

10. LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Loss before income tax expense is arrived at after charging the following:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Amortisation of intangible assets (note 17)	157	91
Auditor's remuneration	540	595
Bad debt written off	-	12
Costs of inventories recognised as cost of sales	221	112
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (note 15)	833	563
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (note 16)		
 Advertising spaces (included in cost of sales) 	20,791	20,536
— Rental premises	431	323
— Office equipment	23	23
Employee costs (including directors' emoluments) (note 12)	15,405	18,695
Impairment loss on intangible assets (included in other operating expenses) (note 17)	594	_
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment		
(included in other operating expenses) (note 15)	306	_
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	105
Provision of impairment of trade receivables (note 22)	-	307
Short-term lease expenses (note 16)		
 Advertising spaces (included in cost of sales) 	4,051	10,430
— Rental premises	407	477

For the year ended 31 March 2021

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The amount of taxation in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income represents:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Current tax — Hong Kong Profits Tax		
— Tax for the year	45	68
— Over-provision in respect of prior years	(44)	(11)
	1	57
Current tax — Taiwan Profits Tax		
— Tax for the year	-	78
— Under-provision in respect of prior years	51	_
	51	78
	52	135

The Group companies incorporated in the Cayman Islands and BVI are tax-exempted as no business is carried out in the Cayman Islands and BVI under the laws of the Cayman Islands and BVI respectively.

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 8.25% on the first HK\$2 million of estimated assessable profits and at 16.5% for the portion of the estimated assessable profits above HK\$2 million for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020.

Taiwan Profit Seeking Enterprise Income Tax arising from operations in Taiwan is calculated at 20% on the estimated assessable profits for the year ended 31 March 2021 and 2020. During the year ended 31 March 2021, no assessable profit was derived from the operation in Taiwan.

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11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

Income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the loss before income tax expense in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Loss before income tax expense	(5,120)	(5,742)
	(-, -,	
Tax calculated at the domestic tax rate of 16.5% (2020: 16.5%)	(845)	(947)
Tax effect on adoption of two-tiered profits tax rates regime	(55)	_
Tax effect of different tax rate of a foreign operation	(6)	4
Tax effect of non-deductible items	577	347
Tax effect of non-taxable items	(310)	(112)
Tax effect of temporary differences not recognised	32	192
Under-provision/(Over-provision) in respect of prior years	7	(11)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	662	684
Others	(10)	(22)
Income tax expense	52	135

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of approximately HK\$8,155,000 (2020: HK\$4,145,000) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of tax losses arising from subsidiaries in Hong Kong, as it is not probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised in the foreseeable future. The tax losses have no expiry date and are yet to be agreed by the Inland Revenue Department.

No deferred tax was recognised for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020 as there were no material temporary differences.

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12. EMPLOYEE COSTS

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Employee costs (including directors' emoluments) comprise:		
Salaries and other benefits in kind	15,042	18,307
Retirement scheme contributions	363	388
	15,405	18,695

13. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS, HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS

(a) Directors' emoluments

Directors' emoluments are disclosed as follows:

	Notes	Fees HK\$'000	Salaries and other benefits in kind HK\$'000	Retirement scheme contributions HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Year ended 31 March 2021					
Executive Directors					
Ms. Chau Wai Chu Irene	(i)	_	2,770	_	2,770
Ms. Cheung Kit Yi	(ii)	-	115	5	120
Mr. Lean Chun Wai		-	1,140	18	1,158
Non-Executive Director					
Mr. Da Silva Antonio Marcus		240	-	-	240
Independent Non-Executive					
Directors					
Ms. Au Shui Ming Anna		96	-	-	96
Mr. Liang Man Kit Jerry		96	-	-	96
Mr. Lam Yau Fung Curt	(iv)	96	-	-	96
		528	4,025	23	4,576

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13. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS, HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

	Notes	Fees HK\$'000	Salaries and other benefits in kind HK\$'000	Retirement scheme contributions HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Year ended 31 March 2020					
Executive Directors					
Ms. Chau Wai Chu Irene	(i)	_	2,586	_	2,586
Ms. Cheung Kit Yi	(ii)	_	420	18	438
Mr. Lean Chun Wai		-	1,141	18	1,159
Non-Executive Director					
Mr. Da Silva Antonio Marcus		240	_	_	240
Independent Non-Executive					
Directors					
Ms. Au Shui Ming Anna		113	_	_	113
Mr. Liang Man Kit Jerry		96	_	_	96
Mr. Ho Alfred Chak Wai	(iii)	38	_	_	38
Mr. Lam Yau Fung Curt	(iv)	58	_	_	58
		545	4,147	36	4,728

Notes:

⁽i) Ms. Chau Wai Chu Irene is also the chief executive of the Company and her emoluments disclosed above included those for services rendered by her as the chief executive.

⁽ii) Ms. Cheung Kit Yi resigned as executive director on 1 July 2020.

⁽iii) Mr. Ho Alfred Chak Wai resigned as independent non-executive director on 23 August 2019.

⁽iv) Mr. Lam Yau Fung Curt was appointed as independent non-executive director on 23 August 2019.

v) There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year ended 31 March 2021 (2020: Nil)

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13. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS, HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(b) The five highest paid individuals

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, two (2020: two) are directors of the Company whose emolument is included in the disclosures above. The emoluments of the remaining three (2020: three) individuals are as follows:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Salaries and other benefits in kind	2,651	3,149
Retirement scheme contributions	49	50
	2,700	3,199

The emoluments paid or payable to the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group who are not directors are within the following bands:

	2021 Number of individuals	2020 Number of individuals
Nil-HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	2	2

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14. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic and diluted loss per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Loss Loss for the purposes of basic and diluted loss per share	(4,692)	(5,687)
Number of shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purposes of basic and	′000	′000
diluted loss per share	720,000	720,000

The weighted average of 720,000,000 ordinary shares for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020 were same as the number of ordinary shares of the Company in issue throughout the years.

Diluted loss per share were the same as the basic loss per share as the Group had no potential dilutive ordinary shares during the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020.

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15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Display monitors	Furniture	Leasehold	Motor	
	and devices HK\$'000	and fixtures HK\$'000	improvements HK\$'000	vehicles HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 April 2019					
Cost	1,793	842	_	1,445	4,080
Accumulated depreciation	(1,601)	(627)	-	(325)	(2,553)
Net carrying amount	192	215	_	1,120	1,527
Year ended 31 March 2020					
Opening net carrying amount	192	215	_	1,120	1,527
Additions	_	536	_	1,288	1,824
Disposals	_	(1)	-	(296)	(297)
Depreciation	(40)	(146)	-	(377)	(563)
Closing net carrying amount	152	604	_	1,735	2,491
At 31 March and 1 April 2020					
Cost	1,793	1,371	_	2,355	5,519
Accumulated depreciation	(1,641)	(767)	-	(620)	(3,028)
Net carrying amount	152	604	_	1,735	2,491
Year ended 31 March 2021					
Opening net carrying amount	152	604	_	1,735	2,491
Additions	_	315	929	900	2,144
Disposals	_	(48)	_	(301)	(349)
Depreciation	(85)	(169)	(111)	(468)	(833)
Impairment loss	-	(306)	-		(306)
Closing net carrying amount	67	396	818	1,866	3,147
At 31 March 2021					
Cost	1,793	1,603	929	2,566	6,891
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	.,	.,		_,,	
losses	(1,726)	(1,207)	(111)	(700)	(3,744)
Net carrying amount	67	396	818	1,866	3,147

During the year, impairment loss of HK\$306,000 (2020: Nil) has been recognised on certain furniture and fixtures after an impairment assessment has been made on the segment of Food and Beverage Business. Further details on the impairment assessment are set out in note 17.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

16. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS/LEASE LIABILITIES

The Group leases office equipment, certain advertising spaces and rental premise in Hong Kong. The leases comprise only fixed payments over the lease terms.

Certain lease contracts granted the Group as lessee extension or termination options which are only exercised by the Group and not by the respective lessor.

Right-of-use assets

The analysis of the net book value of right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset is as follows:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Leased for own use, carried at depreciated cost: Advertising spaces Rental premises Office equipment	34,769 462 16	37,028 399 39
	35,247	37,466

Movements of right-of-use assets during the year:

	Advertising spaces HK\$'000	Rental premise HK\$'000	Office equipment HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 April 2019	48,988	_	62	49,050
Additions	12,613	727	_	13,340
Depreciation	(20,536)	(323)	(23)	(20,882)
Effect of modification of leases	(4,037)	(5)	-	(4,042)
At 31 March and 1 April 2020	37,028	399	39	37,466
Additions	950	570	_	1,520
Depreciation	(20,791)	(431)	(23)	(21,245)
Effect of modification of leases	17,582	(76)	_	17,506
At 31 March 2021	34,769	462	16	35,247

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16. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS/LEASE LIABILITIES (Continued)

Lease liabilities

The analysis of the present value of future lease payments is as follows:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Current liabilities	14,906	18,107
Non-current liabilities	19,299	17,651
	34,205	35,758

Movements of lease liabilities during the year:

	Advertising spaces HK\$'000	Rental premise HK\$'000	Office equipment HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 April 2019	45,827	_	62	45,889
Additions	12,613	727	_	13,340
Lease payments	(20,791)	(326)	(24)	(21,141)
Interest expenses	1,707	22	2	1,731
Effect of modification to leases	(4,056)	(5)	_	(4,061)
At 31 March and 1 April 2020	35,300	418	40	35,758
Additions	950	570	-	1,520
Lease payments	(21,047)	(458)	(24)	(21,529)
Interest expenses	1,193	22	1	1,216
Effect of modification to leases	17,316	(76)	-	17,240
At 31 March 2021	33,712	476	17	34,205

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16. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS/LEASE LIABILITIES (Continued)

Lease liabilities (Continued)

Future lease payments are due as follows:

At 31 March 2021

	Minimum lease		
	payments	Interest	Present value
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Not later than one year	16,033	1,127	14,906
Later than one year and not later than two years	10,948	522	10,426
Later than two years and not later than five years	9,219	346	8,873
	36,200	1,995	34,205

At 31 March 2020

			Present value
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Not later than one year	19,234	1,127	18,107
Later than one year and not later than two years	12,700	439	12,261
Later than two years and not later than five years	5,463	73	5,390
	37,397	1,639	35,758

The analysis of expense items in relation to leases recognised in profit or loss is as follows:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	21,245	20,882
Interest on lease liabilities (note 9)	1,216	1,731
Short-term lease expenses (note 10)	4,458	10,907
Gain on modification of leases (note 8)	(266)	(19)
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	26,653	33,501

For the year ended 31 March 2021

17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Club membership HK\$'000 (note (a))	License right HK\$'000 (note (b))	Total HK\$'000
At 1 April 2019			
Cost	2,626	_	2,626
Accumulated amortisation			
Net carrying amount	2,626		2,626
Year ended 31 March 2020			
Opening net carrying amount	2,626	_	2,626
Additions	_	942	942
Amortisation		(91)	(91)
Closing net carrying amount	2,626	851	3,477
At 31 March and 1 April 2020			
Cost	2,626	942	3,568
Accumulated amortisation		(91)	(91)
Net carrying amount	2,626	851	3,477
Year ended 31 March 2021			
Opening net carrying amount	2,626	851	3,477
Amortisation	_,	(157)	(157)
Impairment loss (note (c))	-	(594)	(594)
Closing net carrying amount	2,626	100	2,726
At 31 March 2021			
Cost	2,626	942	3,568
Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses	-	(842)	(842)
Net carrying amount	2,626	100	2,726

For the year ended 31 March 2021

17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) Club membership represented the membership debenture of The Aberdeen Marina Club Limited which has no specific maturity date pursuant to the terms and conditions of the membership. It is tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that may be impaired. The directors of the Company are opinion that no impairment loss was identified with reference to market value.
- (b) The license right represented an exclusive right to distribute and market the Mizimamei branded food and beverage products and its retail brand in Hong Kong. On 3 May 2019, the Group entered into an agreement with an independent third party to acquire an exclusive right to distribute and market its branded food and beverage products and the retail brand of the individual third party in Hong Kong, including but not limited to the right to set up self-operated retail outlets in Hong Kong and the right to franchise the brand to potential local retailers in Hong Kong through franchising arrangement (the "Agreement") at a consideration of US\$120,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$942,000). This license right was recognised as an intangible asset as it became effective in last year. Pursuant to a supplementary agreement entered into by the parties during the year, the parties agreed that the license right shall be extended for three more years (originally was 6 years), i.e. 9 years in total, with other terms remain the same as stated in the Agreement. No additional consideration is required to be paid by the Group.
- (c) The license right is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment and is tested for impairment wherever there is an indicator that may be impaired. Due to the underperformance of the segment of Food and Beverage Business, management has conducted impairment assessment as at 31 March 2021. The recoverable amount of the CGU has been determined from a value in use calculation based on cash flow projections from approved budgets covering a five-year period and a pre-tax discount rate of 20% is used in the calculation. The estimated recoverable amount of the CGU of HK\$218,000 fall short its carrying amount by approximately HK\$900,000 and accordingly, impairment losses of HK\$306,000 (note 15) and HK\$594,000 have been allocated to the segment's property, plant and equipment and license right, respectively, and recognised in other operating expenses for the year. No impairment was made in last year after management's assessment.

18. GOODWILL

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
At the beginning of the year	-	39
Impairment losses recognised during the year	-	(39)
At the end of the year	-	-

Goodwill was allocated to Toppa Media Savvy Limited ("Toppa"). In previous year, the balance had been fully written off with reference to the recoverable amount of this CGU due to the underperformance of the CGU.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

19. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Share of net assets	-	_
Amount due to an associate	-	47

(a) Details of the associate as at 31 March 2020 are as follows:

Name	Place of incorporation	Issued capital	Percentage of ownership interest attribute to the Group	Principal activities
M Savvy Media Limited ("M Savvy")	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	20%	Inactive/no business operation

On 15 January 2021, the Group acquired additional 80% of the equity interests in M Savvy from an independent third party at a consideration of HK\$8,000. Since then, the Group has accounted for M Savvy as a wholly owned subsidiary (note 32).

(b) As at 31 March 2020, the amount due to an associate was unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

20. INVENTORIES

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Food and beverages materials	45	46
Motor vehicle held for trading	3,106	-
	3,151	46

21. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Listed debt investments	7,154	-

These represented corporate bonds publicly traded on Singapore Exchange with fixed coupon rates. As management intends to hold these corporate bonds for trading, the balance is accounted for financial assets at FVTPL under current assets.

22. TRADE RECEIVABLES

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Trade receivables Provision of impairment of trade receivables	3,740 –	4,406 (307)
	3,740	4,099

For the year ended 31 March 2021

22. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Analysis of trade receivables that are not impaired as of each reporting period based on revenue recognition date, is as follows:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
0–90 days	2,401	1,827
91–180 days	741	1,363
181–365 days	598	909
	3,740	4,099

Trade receivables are mainly attributable to the provision of advertising display services of which advanced payments are normally required. However, the Group might offer credit terms to certain customers range from 30 to 60 days from the end of the contract period. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management.

The following table reconciled the impairment loss of trade receivables for the year:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
At the beginning of the year	307	_
Written off	(307)	_
Impairment loss recognised (note 10)	-	307
At the end of the year	-	307

The maximum exposure to credit risk as at 31 March 2021 and 2020 was the carrying amount mentioned above. Trade receivables that were not impaired related to a large number of independent customers that had a good track record of credit with the Group. In general, the Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for ECLs prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permit the use of lifetime ECLs provision for all trade receivables. To measure ECLs, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. ECLs also incorporate forward-looking information. As at 31 March 2021 and 2020, the directors of the Company considered ECLs against the gross amounts of trade receivables is immaterial (note 39(a)).

For the year ended 31 March 2021

23. DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Payments in advance	1,839	1,537
Deposits	464	290
Prepayments	302	482
Other receivables	289	85
	2,894	2,394

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amounts of each class of receivables mentioned above. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

Further details on the Group's credit risks exposure the impairment assessment are set out in note 39(a).

24. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Cash at banks and in hand	21,861	38,310
Fixed deposits	16,997	16,634
Total cash and bank balances per consolidated statement of financial position	38,858	54,944
Less: Fixed deposit with original maturity of over three months	(10,137)	_
Total cash and bank balances per consolidated statement of cash flows	28,721	54,944

The Group's cash and bank balances consist of bank deposits carrying interests at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates and short-term bank deposits carrying interests at prevailing market interest rates ranging from 0.3% to 2.2% (2020: 1.6% to 2.2%) per annum as at 31 March 2021, with an original maturity of three months or less.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

25. TRADE PAYABLES

Based on the receipts of services and goods, which normally coincided with the invoice dates, ageing analysis of the Group's trade payables as at the end of each reporting period is as follows:

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
0–90 days	324	365
91–180 days	13	24
181–365 days	-	67
	337	456

26. ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2021	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Accrued expenses	1,137	984
Other payables	507	741
	1,644	1,725

27. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Contract liabilities arising from:		
Advertising display services	8,126	9,045

These contract liabilities represent advance payments received from customers for services that have not yet been performed to the customers which are rendered over the period of display of the advertisements.

The Group expects to render the services to satisfy the remaining obligations of these contract liabilities within the next 12 months.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

27. CONTRACT LIABILITIES (Continued)

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Balance at the beginning of the year	9,045	12,078
Decrease in contract liabilities as a result of recognising revenue during the year that was included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the year	(8,854)	(11,453)
Increase in contract liabilities as a result of billing in advance of advertising display service, excluding those recognised as revenue in the current year	7,935	8,420
Balance at the end of the year	8,126	9,045

28. SHARE CAPITAL

_	2021			
	Number		Number	
	of shares	Amount		Amount
	'000	HK\$'000	'000	HK\$'000
Authorised:				
At the beginning and end of the year	7,200,000	72,000	7,200,000	72,000
	·			
			Number	
			of shares	Amount
			′000	HK\$'000
Issued:				
At 1 April 2019, 31 March 2020 and 2021			720,000	7,200

For the year ended 31 March 2021

29. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

A share option scheme (the "Scheme") was approved and adopted by the Company on 19 December 2016.

The Scheme is effective for a period of 10 years commencing on the Listing Date of the Company. Under the Scheme, the board of directors may in its absolute discretion determine at the time of grant of the relevant option but the subscription price shall not be less than whichever is the highest of: (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of the granting of the option; (ii) the average closing prices of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of the granting of the option; and (iii) the nominal value of a share. An offer of grant of an option may be accepted by a participant within the date as specified in the offer letter issued by the Company, being a date not later than 21 days from the date upon which it is made, by which the participant must accept the offer or be deemed to have declined it, provided that such date shall not be more than 10 years after the date of adoption of the Scheme. A consideration of HK\$1.00 is payable on acceptance of the offer of grant of an option.

The period as the board of directors may in its absolute discretion determine and specify in relation to any particular option holder in his option agreement during which the option may be exercised (subject to such restriction on exercisability specified therein), which shall be not greater than the period prescribed by the GEM Listing Rules from time to time (which is, as at the date of adoption of the Scheme, a period of 10 years from the date of the granting of the option).

The limit on the number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other schemes must not exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time. No options may be granted under any schemes of the Company if this will result in the limit being exceeded. The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Scheme and any other schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the shares in issue. Options lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Scheme or any other schemes will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the 10% limit.

No share options were granted under the Scheme during the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020. Share options do not confer rights to the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

30. RESERVES

The Group

Please refer to the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 54 for reserves of the Group.

(a) Share premium

This represents the premium arising from the issue of shares, net of placing expenses.

(b) Other reserve

This represents the difference between the nominal value of the share capital of the subsidiaries acquired and the nominal value of the shares of the Company issued in exchange thereof pursuant to the Group Reorganisation in 2016 prior to the listing of the Company.

The Company

	Share premium HK\$'000	Other reserve HK\$'000	Accumulated losses HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 April 2019 Loss for the year	35,371 –	(100)	(15,868) (1,175)	19,403 (1,175)
At 31 March and 1 April 2020 Loss for the year	35,371 –	(100)	(17,043) (1,176)	18,228 (1,176)
At 31 March 2021	35,371	(100)	(18,219)	17,052

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31. HOLDING COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	2021	2020
Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES		
Non-current assets		
Interest in a subsidiary 32	1	1
Current assets		
Prepayments	265	211
Amount due from a subsidiary	8,500	-
Cash and bank balances	15,490	25,216
	24,255	25,427
Current liabilities		
Accruals	4	-
	4	-
Net current assets	24,251	25,427
Net assets	24,252	25,428
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		
Share capital 28	7,200	7,200
Reserves 30	17,052	18,228
Total equity	24,252	25,428

On behalf of the directors

Ms. Chau Wai Chu Irene Director

Mr. Lean Chun Wai Director

For the year ended 31 March 2021

32. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the subsidiaries as at 31 March 2021 are as follows:

	Place of		Percentage of effective	
	incorporation and/or	Particulars of issued	interests held by the	
Name of company	operation	and paid up capital		Principal activities
Media Savvy Marketing International Limited*	BVI	100 shares totalling US\$100	100%	Investment holding
Media Savvy Limited	Hong Kong	10,000 shares totalling HK\$10,000	100%	Investment holding
Media Savvy Marketing Limited	Hong Kong	100 shares totalling HK\$100	100%	Provision of advertising display services
Media Savvy In-Store Media Limited	Hong Kong	10,000 shares totalling HK\$10,000	100%	Inactive/no business operation
Medic Savvy Media Limited	Hong Kong	10,000 shares totalling HK\$10,000	100%	Inactive/no business operation
A1 Advertising & Production Company Limited	Hong Kong	10,000 shares totalling HK\$10,000	100%	Inactive/no business operation
OOH La La Printing And Production Limited ("OOH La La")	Hong Kong	10,000 shares totalling HK\$10,000	70%	Provision of printing services
MSMM Company Limited ("MSMM")	Hong Kong	1,000,000 shares totalling HK\$1,000,000	65%	Sales of food and beverage products
Auto Savvy Limited	Hong Kong	1,000 shares totalling HK\$1,000	100%	Sale of pre-owned private vehicle
Vehicle Savvy Limited	Hong Kong	1 shares totalling HK\$1	100%	Not yet commence business
M Savvy	Hong Kong	10,000 shares totalling HK\$10,000	100%	Inactive/no business operation

Issued capital held directly by the Company

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the reporting period.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

33. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

The total non-controlling interests as at 31 March 2021 is HK\$314,000 (2020: HK\$130,000), of which loss of HK\$85,000 (2020: profit of HK\$14,000) is attributable to the non-controlling interest of Toppa, profits of HK\$198,000 (2020: HK\$139,000) is attributable to the non-controlling interest of OOH La La and a loss of HK\$541,000 (2020: HK\$343,000) is attributable to the non-controlling interest of MSMM. The non-controlling interests of these subsidiaries that are not 100% owned by the Group are considered to be immaterial.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group disposed of its 70% equity interest in Toppa. Accordingly, non-controlling interest of HK\$16,000 was derecognised (note 36).

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group's subsidiary, OOH La La, declared a dividend of HK\$180,000 to the non-controlling interests which was settled through the current account with the non-controlling interests.

34. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(i) Save as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group did not have any transactions with the related parties during the year.

(ii) Compensation of key management personnel

	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Short-term benefits Post-employment benefits	5,810 57	5,974 70
	5,867	6,044

For the year ended 31 March 2021

35. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below represents the details changes in the Group's liabilities from financing activities:

	Lease liabilities HK\$'000 (note 16)
At 1 April 2019	45,889
Changes from cash flows:	
— Repayments of principal portion of lease liabilities	(19,410)
— Interests paid on lease liabilities	(1,731)
Total changes from financing cash flows	(21,141)
Other changes:	
— Increase in lease liabilities arising from new leases during the year	13,340
— Effect of modification of leases	(4,061)
— Interest on lease liabilities	1,731
Total other changes	11,010
At 31 March and 1 April 2020	35,758
Changes from cash flows:	
Repayments of principal portion of lease liabilities	(20,313)
— Interests paid on lease liabilities	(1,216)
Total changes from financing cash flows	(21,529)
Other changes:	
— Increase in lease liabilities arising from new leases during the year	1,520
— Effect of modification of leases	17,240
— Interest on lease liabilities	1,216
Total other changes	19,976
At 31 March 2021	34,205

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36. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY

On 15 January 2021, the Group disposed of its 70% equity interest in Toppa to an independent third party at a cash consideration of approximately HK\$39,000. Net assets of Toppa at the date of disposal were as follows:

	2021
	HK\$'000
Net assets of a subsidiary disposed of:	
Trade and other receivables	64
Cash and cash equivalents	556
Trade and other payables	(565)
	55
Less: non-controlling interests	(16)
	39
Total consideration	39
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary included in profit or loss for the year	-
Consideration satisfied by:	
Cash	39
Net cash outflow arising on disposal:	
Cash consideration received	39
Cash and bank balances disposed of	(556)
	(517)

For the year ended 31 March 2021

37. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

The Group's capital management objectives include:

- to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it continues to provide returns;
- for members and benefits for other stakeholders; and (ii)
- (iii) to provide capital for the purpose of strengthening the Group's risk management capability.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to ensure optimal capital structure and member returns, taking into consideration the future capital requirements of the Group and capital efficiency, prevailing and projected profitability, projected operating cash flows, capital expenditures and strategic investment opportunities.

Management of the Group regards total equity as capital. The amount of capital attributable to the owners of the Company as at 31 March 2021 amounted to HK\$53,051,000 (2020: HK\$57,743,000), which the management considers as optimal having considered the projected capital expenditures and the projected strategic investment opportunities.

38. RETIREMENT SCHEME

Under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance regulated by the Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") Schemes Authority in Hong Kong, with effect from 1 December 2000, the Group participates in a MPF scheme operated by an approved trustee in Hong Kong and makes contributions for its eligible employees. Under the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income. The cap of monthly relevant income has been increased from HK\$25,000 to HK\$30,000 since 1 June 2014. Contributions to the MPF Scheme vest immediately.

The Group is also required to contribute a certain percentage of employees' monthly basic salaries to the defined contribution retirement schemes in Taiwan.

For the year ended 31 March 2021, the aggregate amounts of employer's contributions made by the Group were HK\$363,000 (2020: HK\$388,000). No forfeited contribution is available for offset against existing contributions during the year.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Exposure to credit, liquidity, interest rate and currency risks arises in the normal course of the Group's business.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument would fail to discharge its obligation under the terms of which and cause a financial loss to the Group.

The Group's exposure to credit risk mainly arises from granting credits to customers in the ordinary course of its operations and is limited to the carrying amounts of financial assets recognised at the end of the reporting period, as summarised in note 39(f).

The Group's trade and other receivables are actively monitored to avoid significant concentrations of credit risk. The Group is not exposed to any significant credit risk from any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics. The Group's bank balances are deposited with major banks in Hong Kong. The Group has no other significant exposure to credit risk. All the Group's financial assets at FVTPL are listed bonds that had no recent default history. Therefore, the Group considers financial assets at FVTPL to be low credit risk investments.

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for ECLs prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime ECLs provision for all trade receivables. The Group always measures the loss allowance for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. ECLs on trade receivables is estimated based on a provisional matrix by reference to past default experience of the debtor and current market condition in relation to each debtor's exposure. ECLs also incorporates forward-looking information with reference to general macroeconomic conditions that may affect the ability of the debtors to settle receivables. To measure ECLs, the trade receivables have been grouped based on share credit risk characteristics and the days past due.

The directors of the Company considered the loss allowance provision for trade receivables was immaterial arising from the ECL model during the year. No impairment loss has been recognised during the year.

During the year ended 31 March 2020, a specific allowance on impairment loss HK\$307,000 had been recognised in respect of certain trade debts since the debtors were past due over one year and the management considered that the debts might be irrecoverable.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group takes into account the historical default experience and forward-looking information, as appropriate, for example the Group considers the consistently low historical default rates of counterparties, and concludes that credit risk inherent in the Group's outstanding other receivables is insignificant. The Group has assessed that other receivables do not have a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and risk of default is insignificant, therefore ECLs for these receivables were immaterial under the 12-month ECLs method and no loss allowance provision was recognised during the year.

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past two years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

The Group expects that there is no significant credit risk associated with cash at bank since they are deposited with credit worthy financial institutions.

The credit policies have been followed by the Group during the year and are considered to be effective.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk relates to the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or other financial assets.

The Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and bank balances deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements in the short and long terms. The liquidity of the Group is primarily dependent on its ability to maintain adequate cash inflows from operations to meet its debt obligations. The Group relies on internally generated funds as a significant source of liquidity.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The maturity profile of the financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contracted undiscounted payments, was as follows:

	Carrying amount HK\$'000	Total contractual undiscounted cash flows HK\$'000	On demand HK\$'000	Less than three months HK\$'000	Three months to one year HK\$'000	One to five years HK\$'000
At 31 March 2021 Non-derivatives: Trade payables Accruals and other payables	337 1,320	337 1,320	332 476	5 567	- 277	-
Lease liabilities	34,205 35,862	36,200 37,857	808	1,956 2,528	14,077	20,167
At 31 March 2020 Non-derivatives: Trade payables Accruals and other payables Amount due to an associate Lease liabilities	456 1,703 47 35,758	456 1,703 47 37,397	451 887 47 –	5 523 – 2,611	- 293 - 16,623	- - - 18,163
	37,964	39,603	1,385	3,139	16,916	18,163

(c) Interest rate risk

As of 31 March 2021 and 2020, the Group had no bank borrowings. The interest rate risk on the bank balances are considered minimal as they are short-term instruments with maturities of less than three month.

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39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Currency risk

Foreign currency risk refers to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Group mainly operates in Hong Kong. The functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries are HK\$. Most of the Group's business transactions are settled in the functional currencies of the Company and its subsidiaries, except for financial assets at FVTPL that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which they relate. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily United States dollars ("US\$"). Since HK\$ is pegged to US\$, the Group does not expect any significant movements in US\$/HK\$ exchange rate. The Group does not have significant exposure to risk resulting from changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

(e) Fair value

Financial assets measured at fair value in the consolidated statement of financial position in accordance with the fair value hierarchy. The hierarchy groups financial assets into three levels based on the relative reliability of significant inputs used in measuring the fair value of these financial assets. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability,

either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

At 31 March 2021, all financial assets at FVTPL are classified as level 1. There were no transfers between levels during the year ended 31 March 2021.

The fair value of financial assets at FVTPL which are traded on active markets are determined with reference to quoted market prices.

Due to the short-term nature, the carrying values of other financial instruments are not measured at fair value of financial instruments approximate fair value and are detailed in note 39(f).

For the year ended 31 March 2021

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Summary of financial assets and liabilities by category

The carrying amounts presented in the consolidated statement of financial position related to the following categories of financial assets and financial liabilities:

	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Financial assets		
Financial assets Financial assets at FVTPL:		
	7.454	
Listed debt investments	7,154	
Financial assets measured at amortised cost:		
Trade receivables	3,740	4,099
Deposits and other receivables	753	375
Cash and bank balances	38,858	54,944
	43,351	59,418
	50,505	59,418
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:		
Trade payables	337	456
Accruals and other payables	1,320	1,703
Amount due to an associate	_	47
Lease liabilities	34,205	35,758
	35,862	37,964

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

The consolidated results of the Group for the five years ended 31 March 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020 and 2021 and the consolidated assets, liabilities and equity of the Group as at 31 March 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020 and 2021 are set out in the audited consolidated financial statements. The Group had initially applied HKFRS 16 with effect from 1 April 2019 and under the modified retrospective approach on its initial application, comparative information for years prior to the year ended 31 March 2020 was not restated.

RESULTS

		Year	ended 31 Marc	:h	
	2021				2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
REVENUE	47,197	56,755	61,192	56,946	59,528
(LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX					
(EXPENSE)/CREDIT	(5,068)	(5,742)	793	4,525	443*
INCOME TAX (EXPENSE)/CREDIT	(52)	(135)	15	(1,086)	(2,327)
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	(5,120)	(5,877)	808	3,439	(1,884)
(LOSS)/PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF					
THE COMPANY	(4,692)	(5,687)	644	3,439	(1,884)

^{*} After deducting listing expenses of approximately HK\$12.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2017.

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	As at 31 March				
	2021				2017
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	41,120	43,434	5,134	3,550	210
CURRENT ASSETS	55,947	61,634	76,182	74,111	70,705
TOTAL ASSETS	97,067	105,068	81,316	77,661	70,915
NON-CURRENT LIABILITY	19,299	17,651	_	_	_
CURRENT LIABILITIES	25,031	29,544	17,386	14,875	11,568
TOTAL LIABILITIES	44,330	47,195	17,386	14,875	11,568
NET ASSETS	52,737	57,873	63,930	62,786	59,347
EQUITY					
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF					
THE COMPANY	53,051	57,743	63,430	62,786	59,347